BRANDFINANCE® BANKING 500

THE ANNUAL REPORT ON THE WORLD'S MOST VALUABLE BANKING BRANDS I MARCH 2013

Is the global banking crisis nearly over?

BRAND-FINANCE®

Contents

Contents

BRANDFINANCE® BANKING 500

The BrandFinance® Banking 500 is published by Brand Finance plc and is the only study to rank the top 500 most valuable banks in the world



Brand Finance plc 3rd Floor, Finland House, 56 Haymarket, London SW1Y 4RN United Kingdom Tel: +44 (0) 207 389 9400 Fax: +44 (0) 207 389 9401 www.brandfinance.com enquiries@brandfinance.com

3 FOREWORD

4 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Is the global banking crisis nearly over?

6 THE TOP 20: PROFILES

Worthy winners

A run-down of the world's most valuable banking brands

15 WINNERS AND LOSERS

East beats West

Agricultural Bank of China enjoyed the biggest gain in brand value this year, and HSBC suffered the biggest loss

16 REGIONAL RESULTS

A shifting picture

The overall result masks important regional and country variations

19 SECTOR RESULTS

20 BANKING FORUM 2013

Welcome to the age of Apple Bank?

Pundits at Brand Finance's fourth annual Banking Forum in February challenged banks to think outside the banking box when it comes to customer focus.

24 METHODOLOGY

How do we value brands?

25 BESPOKE REPORTS

26 THE TOP 500 MOST VALUABLE BANKING BRANDS

Five pages of league table results

Publishing partner The Banker

Every year the BrandFinance®
Banking 500 is published by
The Banker magazine, the world's
premier banking and finance
resource

Foreword

David Haigh

CEO Brand Finance plc



The improved performance of banks around the world reflects a concerted effort to get their houses in order9

Since it was first compiled in 2005 the BrandFinance®
Banking 500 has been the most comprehensive public table of banking brand values in the world.
The study is released annually and incorporates data from banks in over 50 markets, resulting in a list of the 500 most valuable banking brands across the globe.

The brand value accorded to each brand is a summary measure of its financial strength. Each brand has also been given a brand rating, which indicates its strength, risk and future potential relative to its competitors.

THE STORM CLOUDS over the global banking industry seem, at last, to be clearing. Banking, on the whole, has recovered much of the ground it lost after the global financial and economic crisis of 2008. Total global bank brand values are the highest they have ever been, and are nearly double the level they were in 2009 at the height of the crisis. Overall, brand values have risen over the past year by 15 per cent, to nearly \$861 billion

However this encouraging news masks some notable variations between regions, and even between countries within regions. Emerging markets, particularly China, continue to drive the growth, but brand values in South America remained flat, with two Brazilian banks, Bradesco and Itaú, among the top five 'absolute brand value losers' this year. North America is surging ahead too.

But while Europe has rebounded over the past year, it has a way to go to regain the post-crisis heights it achieved in 2011. Europe's progress has been arrested by the disappointing performance of UK banks. The UK is the only top-ten country in the BrandFinance® Banking 500 to experience a fall in the values of its bank brands last year. This, in turn, reflects significant brand-value losses by leading UK players HSBC, Barclays and Standard Chartered.

But generally, the improved performance of banks around the world reflects a concerted effort to get their houses in order. Not all banks were guilty of over-stretching their balance sheets and losing customer focus, of course, but the financial crisis served as a useful wake-up call. The signs are that banks are now running more efficient operations, that products and services are

increasingly targeted at the specific needs of particular groups of customers, and that cultures are becoming more customer centric rather than banking centric.

The change comes just in time, particularly for big traditional Western banks. Competition is intensifying, not just from emerging markets brands such as 'the big four' Chinese banks, but also from small, fast-growing challenger brands. In the UK 'new kid on the block' Metro Bank doubled in size last year, Virgin Money's brand value rose by 117 per cent, and the Co-Operative Bank saw nine per cent higher customer advocacy levels than its competitors and a 48 per cent increase in online current account applications immediately following scandals at NatWest and Barclays. Tesco's and Sainsbury's financial services arms turned in a healthy performance too.

So, it seems, customers are increasingly likely to switch banks, and governments are keen to make this even easier.

But banks have a long way to go before they offer the exemplary service that brands such as Apple and Amazon provide. Indeed, as speakers at our annual banking forum in February made clear, many banks have yet to grasp what 'customer focus' really means. Not only could this prompt customers to bank elsewhere, but banks are missing a very lucrative trick. Research aired at the forum identified a yawning gap between the 'benefits' that banks currently provide for their customers, and the things that customers really want. What's more, banks are failing to meet customer needs that are either unmet or poorly or very expensively met by non-banking competitors.

The writing's on the wall. How soon will banks read it?

Executive summary

Is the global banking crisis nearly over?

- Total global bank brand values are the highest they have ever been, and are nearly double the level they were in 2009 during the worst of the financial crisis.
- Over the past year values have risen by 15 per cent, to \$860.7 billion, up from \$746.8 billion in 2012.
- Rising values are being driven by impressive growth in emerging markets, particularly China, but leading US banks are joining the charge.
- The value of North American banking brands rose by 15 per cent, European banking brands by 13 per cent and Asian brands by 28 per cent.
- Brand values in Africa, Pacific and Middle Eastern countries also rose, but from a much lower base.
- Brand values of South American banks, however, were flat.
- Only UK brands have defied the global trend, losing value over the past year. The laggards of 2009 are finally recovering, but the reputation of the UK banking industry is still taking a battering.
- Wells Fargo is the world's most valuable bank brand. It leads a field of retail-focused banks that have outperformed their competitors in other sectors.
- Retail banking revenues for the top 500 are up 24 per cent, with brand values up 21 per cent. By contrast, investment banking revenues fell by seven per cent and brand values fell by 14 per cent.

Total global bank brand values are the highest they have ever been, and are nearly double the level they were in 2009 during the worst of the financial crisis.



EUROPEAN BANKS REGAIN SOME GROUND

- After losing 20 per cent of value last year, European banks have rebounded with a 13 per cent rise in brand value. However, they have some way to go to regain the post-crisis levels they reached in 2011.
- European banks continue to struggle with problems in the Eurozone and, in some cases, in their own domestic economies.
- Only five European banks are ranked in the top ten this year.
- Overall European bank performance was held back by falling brand values in the UK.



NORTH AMERICA SURGES AHEAD

- The US leads the field by a considerable margin when it comes to banking brand values.
- US banking brands are worth over \$230 billion, \$26 billion (13 per cent) higher than last year.
- US banks have outperformed their European counterparts. Most have disposed of bad assets, the domestic economy and property market are starting to recover, and banks' earnings projections, a key brand value driver, have therefore improved.
- US banks have helped boost employment: numbers are up ten per cent.
- Wells Fargo is the most valuable brand in the world, at over \$26 billion.
- By contrast, Goldman Sachs' 20 per cent loss in brand value and falling brand strength rating (from AAA- to AA+) has put it outside the top 20.
- Four of the top five, five of the top ten, and 93 of the top 500 banks in the Banking 500 are North American.

WELLS FARGO IS THE MOST VALUABLE BANKING BRAND IN THE WORLD



Executive summary



\$1.5BN WIPED OFF UK BANK BRAND VALUE

- The UK is the only top-ten country in the BrandFinance® Banking 500 to see the value of its bank brands fall in 2013.
- Rocked by a series of damaging scandals over the past two years, from insurance mis-selling to regulatory transgressions, UK banks saw their values fall by two per cent (\$1.5 billion), from \$68 billion in 2012 to \$66.5 billion this year.
- Investment banking fared worst: brand values fell by \$4 billion a drop of 29 per cent.
- There were significant brand value losses by the leading UK players HSBC, Barclays and Standard Chartered, and both HSBC and Standard Chartered were prominent in the 'absolute brand value loser' rankings (coming first and sixth respectively).
- HSBC, last year's global leader, lost 17 per cent of its value due to moneylaundering allegations and a series of divestments, sacrificing the top spot to Wells Fargo as a result.
- Standard Chartered faced its own money-laundering scandal, and Barclays took much of the heat over Libor-fixing. They lost eight per cent and one per cent of their respective brand values.
- However, UK retail banks recovered, albeit from a low base. RBS, Lloyds TSB and NatWest enjoyed big brand value increases 34 per cent, 19 per cent and 22 per cent respectively.

The UK is the only top-ten country in the BrandFinance® Banking 500 to see the value of its bank brands fall in 2013.

RUSSIAN BANKS HAVE GROWN BY





EMERGING MARKETS SHOW CONTINUING IMPRESSIVE GROWTH

- Brand values in emerging markets grew by 15 per cent, from nearly \$747 billion in 2012 to nearly \$861 billion in 2013.
- Russian banks were the best performers, growing by 453 per cent since 2008.
- Indonesian banks have grown by 443 per cent since 2008, Philippine banks by 412 per cent, Colombian banks by 377 per cent and Chinese banks by 335 per cent.
- However, bank brand values in South America have remained static this year. Two Brazilian banks, Bradesco and Itaú, ranked in the top five 'absolute brand value losers' due largely to the weakening Brazilian economy.

AGRICULTURAL BANK OF CHINA INCREASED ITS BRAND VALUE BY OVER



— THE HIGHEST INCREASE OF ANY BANK



CHINA GROWS INCREASINGLY DOMINANT

- Chinese banks are growing increasingly dominant, despite a slowing in the Chinese economy. Their brand value this year reached \$95.7 billion, with Agricultural Bank of China recording the highest leap in brand value by any bank (over \$6 billion), catapulting it from 18th to 11th place in the rankings.
- Four Chinese banks, ICBC, Agricultural Bank of China, China Construction Bank and Bank of China, are among the 20 most valuable bank brands worldwide. Their collective value rose by 25 per cent last year.
- Agricultural Bank of China increased its brand value by over \$6bn the highest increase of any bank.
- The big four are becoming increasingly international, making acquisitions in Australia, Africa, Europe and the US. Bank of China and ICBC ran major advertising campaigns during the London 2012 Olympics, reflecting their global ambitions.

The Top 20: Profiles

Worthy

Over the next five pages are mini-profiles of the world's 20 most valuable banking brands, starting with this year's global leader, the 160-year old US bank Wells Fargo.





2012 Rank 5 BV (\$m) 23,408 Change 23%



2012 Rank 1 BV (\$m) 22,865 Change -17%







2012 Rank 6 BV(\$m) 21,677 Change +16%



Santander 2012 Rank 4 BV(\$m) 20,119 Change +1%



2012 Rank 11 BV(\$m) 19,820 Change +31%

American Express 2012 Rank 7 BV(\$m) 19,004 Change +4%



BNP Paribas 2012 Rank 8 BV(\$m) 18,573 Change +10%



Agricultural Bank of China 2012 Rank 18 BV(\$m) 15,967 Change +61%





2012 Rank 14 BV(\$m) 14,572 Change +13%





Sberbank

2012 Rank 17 BV(\$m) 14,160 Change +31%





Bank of China

2012 Rank 15 BV(\$m) 14,145 Change +10%





JP Morgan

2012 Rank 16 BV(\$m) 13,775 Change +19%





Bradesco

2012 Rank 9 BV(\$m) 13,610 Change -13%

BARCLAYS



2012 Rank 12 BV(\$m) 13,436 Change -1%







2012 Rank 13 BV(\$m) 12,442 Change -6%





Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ 2012 Rank 23 BV(\$m) 11,596 Change +39%





Toronto Dominion Bank

2012 Rank 21 BV(\$m) 10,401 Change +22%

The Top 20: Profiles 01

1 Wells Fargo

Wells Fargo has become the most valuable bank brand in the world, adding nearly \$3 billion of brand value over the past year, and knocking last year's winner HSBC off its perch. Wells Fargo's \$26.04 billion valuation reflects its ability to satisfy all its stakeholders, but meeting its customers' needs with high-quality products and services is arguably the most important.

Wells Fargo's rise to become the world's most valuable bank has been slow and steady. It has made considered entries into the highly competitive retail banking markets in eastern US and become one of the few national banks in the US.

Much of the bank's recent growth is the result of its successful engagement of disenchanted retail customers who were looking for security after the chaotic period in the US banking sector following the financial crisis. Because Wells Fargo had little, if any, involvement in the transactions that brought down a number of its peers, it had a much stronger reputation to build upon. While other banks were concentrating on rebuilding their trust and their image with their customers, Wells Fargo capitalised on its history and identity to position itself as an alternative with US consumers who had previously had little access to it.

Wells Fargo delivered a raft of improvements and innovations last year, including features that enabled customers to engage with it more effectively, such as the Wells Fargo Mobile App for Android-powered smartphone and tablet devices.

But 2012 saw Wells Fargo's expansion ambitions in full play too. It completed the acquisition of Burdale Financial Holding and Burdale Capital Finance from Bank of Ireland, for example, and acquired BNP Paribas's North American reserve-based and related diversified energy-lending businesses. The BNP energy business comprises approximately 175 customer relationships, nearly \$9.5 billion of loan commitments, and around \$3.9 billion in loans outstanding. Around 90 per cent of the portfolio is US based, with the remainder located primarily in Canada, an increasingly important market for the Wells Fargo Energy business.

Wells Fargo Securities bought Merlin Securities LLC, a prime brokerage services and technology provider based in San Francisco and New York City, and rebranded it as Wells Fargo Prime Services.

160th birthday presents

In the year it celebrated 160 years of service, Wells Fargo received a number of accolades. *Trade Finance* magazine judged it 'Best trade bank in the US' for the second consecutive year, as well as 'Best financial institution trade servicing bank' and 'Best overall trade bank in North America'.

For the third year in a row, *Global Finance* magazine named Wells Fargo 'Best corporate/institutional internet bank' and 'Best consumer internet bank in the United States'.

The bank's commitment to the environment was reflected in its inclusion in four different categories of the Carbon Leadership Indices.



DOMICLEUSA



The Top 20: Profiles **02, 03, 04**



BRAND VALUE \$23,408m



MARKET CAP \$94,016m



BRAND RATING

AAA-

DOMICLE

USA

2 Chase

Chase has moved three places up the rankings, adding nearly \$5 billion of brand value, on the back of new products and services and new partnerships in Asia that consolidate its operation and demonstrate its rehabilitation after the financial crisis. With a market capitalisation only half that of either Wells Fargo or HSBC, its two closest rivals in brand value terms, its brand value is 25 per cent of its market capitalisation, suggesting that the market is under-valuing it.

Over the past year Chase has expanded its traveller rewards programme with Southwest Airlines, launched a new Premier Visa® Card for Disney and a new Visa Signature® Card for Fairmont Hotels and Resorts, and formed a strategic partnership with Airplus International, a leading provider of corporate travel and entertainment expense solutions.

Strong on social responsibility, Chase pledged to further expand its investment in creating new jobs and providing services in low-income communities after receiving the US Treasury Department's largest allocation of tax credits. It also received a major diversity award in recognition of its commitment to increasing diversity throughout its operations.



BRAND VALUE





BRAND RATING

AAA-

DOMICLE

UK

3 HSBC

HSBC was toppled from its perch this year on the back of European economic crises and its involvement in facilitating a multi-billion-dollar money-laundering operation for drug gangs, terrorists and rogue nations, which led to a record \$1.9 billion fine by the US authorities. The bank also laid off more than 3,000 employees in the UK, sold its insurance businesses in Hong Kong, Singapore, Argentina and Mexico to AXA Group, and announced plans to sell the remainder of its Central American banking operation to Colombian-listed banking group Banco Davivienda.

Dealing with so much bad news didn't leave the bank time to generate much good news. However, HSBC did receive a number of awards, including 'Best service from a business bank', 'Business product innovation of the year' and 'Best online banking provider' from the UK's leading independent finance guide Business MoneyFacts.

HSBC also pledged to invest \$100 million to help transform the lives of more than one million people through providing access to safe water and spearheading water protection projects. But it will have to work hard to clean up its image among all its stakeholders if it is regain its old lustre.

Bank of America



MARKET CAP \$105,161m



BRAND RATING

AA+

DOMICLE

USA

4 Bank of America

Bank of America has been as efficient in improving its operations in the wake of the financial crisis as its US competitors Wells Fargo and Chase, but it has more to do to expand its presence outside North America.

In January Bank of America embarked on a big new brand offensive designed to better communicate the significant progress it has made, as well as the value of its brand and company, to all stakeholders across all lines of business around the world.

"We have fundamentally transformed into a stronger, more straightforward company that serves three groups of customers with distinct financial services," said Anne Finucane, global strategy and marketing officer, recently.

Bank of America won a raft of awards in both the US and the UK in 2012, many of them based on its 'green' credentials. For example, *Bloomberg Markets* magazine judged it the second greenest bank in the world, adding to the mounting global recognition Bank of America has received for the lending, investing and advisory services it provides under its ten-year, \$20 billion environmental business initiative.

The Top 20: Profiles **05, 06, 07**

5 Citigroup

Its steady progress up the rankings reflects Citigroup's hard work rebuilding its operational excellence and risk management strategies following the financial crisis. It celebrated its 200th anniversary in 2012 and, having refocused the franchise on the basics of banking, is well-positioned for continued profitability and growth.

Employees continue to demonstrate their engagement with Citi: last year a record 100,000 volunteers participated in Global Community Day, part of Citi's commitment to helping communities in 92 countries around the world.

Citi also demonstrated its global citizenship with a new partnership with the US Agency for International Development (USAID). This was designed to broaden financial inclusion by fostering the rapid adoption of 'mobile money' technology in developing countries.

Citi's sponsorship of the US Olympic and Paralympic teams in the London 2012 games enhanced its brand image.

New CEO Michael Corbat announced actions that will reduce expenses further and improve efficiency, while allowing Citi to continue to serve clients around the world, including in emerging markets.



BRAND RATING

AA+

DOMICLE

USA

6 Santander

Santander has struggled to sustain its image as a stable bank in the face of both the financial crisis across the Eurozone and a stuttering domestic economy and high unemployment. The bank also had to deal with unexpected charges on the provisioning of real-estate assets, and announced a slimmed-down board.

However, it maintained its pole position in retail banking as a result of measures to diversify its operation and reduce risk. For example, it became the only Spanish or Latin American bank allowed to deal in the local currency, the renminbi, in China, reinforcing its position as a major player in the growing economic links between China and Latin America. It also increased its presence in Poland, one of its ten core markets. Santander has also consolidated its position in Spain though acquisitions and strategic alliances.

Santander won a raft of prestigious awards in 2012, including 'Bank of the year' from both *Euromoney* and *The Banker* magazines for, among other things, its ability to generate recurrent profits even in a difficult economic climate, and its strong balance sheet.

Meanwhile, Santander's sponsorship of Ferrari continues to serve it well.



7 ICBC

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China celebrated its 20th year as a global bank last year by increasing the scale, quality and efficiency of its international operations in order to meet the growing demand from customers for global financial services.

Its acquisition of 80 per cent of the Bank of East Asia (a US commercial bank) is a first for a Chinese bank and represents a bridgehead for Chinese and US companies to engage further on an equal basis.

ICBC's acquisition of 80 per cent of Standard Bank Argentina is the first acquisition of a Latin American financial institution by a Chinese bank. ICBC Argentina will be the largest Chinese bank in Latin America. ICBC also received approval to set up a branch in Brazil, which will facilitate bilateral trade and investment between China and Brazil.

ICBC won a raft of awards last year from organisations and publications including the China Banking Association, *The Asian Banker* and *Euromoney. Money Week* voted ICBC 'Most respected bank in China' for the third year running in recognition of its outstanding social responsibility practice and good corporate image.



BRAND RATING

AA+

DOMICLE

China

The Top 20: Profiles **08, 09, 10**



BRAND RATING

AAA-

DOMICLE

USA

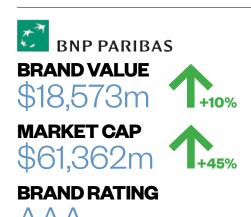
8 American Express

American Express has diversified its business significantly over recent years, switching the focus of its activities from its traditional well-heeled customers to a very different demographic group - the 'underbanked' or 'unbanked' - judging the potential gains are worth the risk to its gilt-edged brand. The increase in its brand value last year suggests the gamble has paid off.

American Express is no longer just a charge-card company; it is now a bank, offering a growing list of services to a wider range of customers.

Bluebird is an account designed to help customers better manage their everyday finances. Similarly, a prepaid reloadable card with no monthly or maintenance fees will soon be available, as will a similar card aimed specifically at college students.

American Express communicates its new strategy through typically memorable advertising, augmenting its traditional above-the-line approach with the innovative use of digital and social platforms. It continues to enjoy strong social responsibility credentials, is regularly voted one of the best places to work, and for the sixth consecutive year topped the JD Power customer satisfaction rankings for US credit card companies.



9 BNP Paribas

BNP Paribas is the third largest bank in Europe after HSBC and Santander. With more than 15 million individual and business customers and 4,200 branches in Europe, BNP Paribas has built up an integrated customer-focused network over the past decade. This is a remarkable achievement given that BNP Paribas has been formed over the years through a fusion of many different banks, most of which were originally founded in the 19th century, mainly to provide finance for business.

Last year, BNP Paribas launched a 'responsibility charter' highlighting its commitment to all its stakeholders to engage in responsible banking.

It has significant operations in North America and recently finalised a joint venture with leading Russian bank Sberbank.

BNP Paribas continues to sponsor Roland Garros, which, for 40 years, has been a major plank of its increasingly global sport sponsorship programme. The bank is the top tennis sponsor in the world.

BNP Paribas scooped a number of prestigious awards last year, particularly for its wealth management business.

○ 中国建设银行 China Construction Bank

DOMICLE

-rance



BRAND RATING

AA

DOMICLE

China

10 China Construction Bank

China Construction Bank (CCB) is the only banking brand to have sustained the same position in the Banking 500 ranking for three consecutive years. Ranked number ten again this year, it is also the second most valuable banking brand in Asia-Pacific, being ousted from the number one slot last year by ICBC, as the big four Chinese banks jostle for market share. However, while it lost value last year, China Construction Bank increased its brand value this year by \$1.5 billion.

CCB is one of the largest and most reputable China-based commercial banks. Its market capitalisation is nearly \$209 billion, making it the second most valuable bank in the world, after ICBC, and it provides a comprehensive range of strong and innovative banking services, particularly in the wholesale, retail, and investment banking sectors.

CCB has recently augmented its strategy of delivering steady business growth and consolidating its presence in retail banking, by enhancing its private banking operations with new products and services demanded by the growing number of customers with high-value assets.

The Top 20: Profiles 11, 12, 13

11 Agricultural Bank of China

Agricultural Bank of China (ABC) leapt up the league table this year, adding an impressive \$6.04 billion of brand value, making it the 'absolute brand value' winner in 2013. Its success comes on the back of its surprisingly consistent operating excellence.

ABC's operating philosophy is 'market-driven, customer-oriented and profittargeted'. It has a large customer base and wide network in both urban and rural areas, and this, combined with restructuring and operational transformation activities over the past year, has contributed to rapid expansion, improved quality and enhanced financial results.

Last year it launched a programme aimed at students, including scholarships for foreign study and internships; it opened its first overseas subsidiary – in London, which will serve as a bridgehead for European expansion; and it has seen a positive return from its strategy of integrating 'green governance' into its operations.

Its efforts to continually improve its management, product innovation and business structure have netted it a raft of awards, including the coveted 'Best investment bank' award from *Securities Times* for the fourth year in a row.



\$15,967m



MARKET CAP



BRAND RATING

AA-

DOMICLE

China

12 Deutsche Bank

Deutsche Bank climbed two places in the ranking this year, following two consecutive years in 14th position. Its brand value rose by almost \$2 billion, though has still to regain the \$15 billion value it enjoyed in 2011. Deutsche Bank has performed solidly throughout Europe, North America, Asia-Pacific and the emerging markets, and its broad offering of products and services for corporate and institutional clients as well as private and business clients, makes it very well positioned for continued success and growth.

Following a period of dialogue with shareholders, clients, employees and other key stakeholders, Deutsche Bank has defined its future strategic management approach, operating principles and long-term strategy.

It is strengthening its balanced universal banking model by integrating its existing asset management and wealth management businesses into a new business division called Asset and Wealth Management (AWM). AWM will stand alongside the other business divisions: Corporate Banking and Securities, Global Transaction Banking and Private and Business Clients.



BRAND RATING

AAA-

DOMICLE

Germany

13 Sberbank

Sberbank's jump from 17th to 14th position in the Banking 500 rankings this year, with an additional \$3.5 billion of brand value, represents a significant step-change in its history and consolidates its position as Russia's largest universal banking institution. It recently acquired Troika Dialog, and the merged business will soon become the undisputed regional market leader.

Once integration of these two complementary businesses is complete, Sberbank will be able to offer a new level of client service based on high-quality financial consultation and a broad choice of investment strategies, underpinned by a full range of modern financial instruments - from the bank's traditional credit products to complex investment banking and global markets products.

Sberbank launched a campaign last year demonstrating its ability to improve its products and services to meet customers' expectations. Its 'How Sberbank is changing' series of videos set a new standard in banking practice in their acknowledgement of customers' problems and the bank's commitment to address them. The videos were created with support from Sberbank's customers.



\$14,160m



MARKET CAP \$65,737m



BRAND RATING

AA+

DOMICLE

Russia

The Top 20: Profiles 14, 15, 16



BRAND VALUE \$14,145m



MARKET CAP \$131,926m



BRAND RATING

AA+

DOMICLE

China

14 Bank of China

Bank of China, which celebrated its centenary last year, is steadily moving up the rankings, progress reflected in the improvement in its brand strength rating from AA- to AA+. It gained over \$1 billion of brand value over the past year, based largely on the expansion of its wealth management business and the launch of new private banking services to meet growing demand from the Asia-Pacific marketplace.

Although it has focused its attention on enhancing services to high-net-worth individuals and corporates, Bank of China hasn't neglected the retail banking market. It has launched a range of new products and solutions for individuals, including swifter mortgage approval processes: customers can now expect an answer within one working day.

Although well-known in China, the country's oldest bank still has low international awareness. This contributes to its low brand value/market capitalisation rating of 11 per cent — which is fairly typical of Chinese banks. However, stability in the Asian market means that Bank of China now has the opportunity to consolidate and strengthen its brand awareness, as well as extend its business, through acquisition, mergers and strategic partnerships within developed markets.

J.P.Morgan

BRAND VALUE \$13,775m



MARKET CAP \$75,413m



BRAND RATING

AA+

DOMICLE

USA

15 JP Morgan

As well as climbing one place to become the 15th most valuable banking brand in the world this year, JP Morgan is also the most valuable wholesale/investment banking brand in the world, and the fifth most valuable banking brand in North America. It has more than made up for the 12 per cent loss of brand value it suffered last year, adding over \$2 billion this year.

Last year the bank launched a series of new products, services and client-focused mandates designed to capitalise on its global footprint, emphasise its understanding of the changing regulatory environment and highlight its innovative approach to issues affecting financial institutions.

For example, the treasury services division launched the next generation JP Morgan ACCESS®, an online electronic banking portal for corporates, financial institutions and commercial banking clients. The portal has been developed for diverse platforms including numerous markets in Asia.



\$13,610m



MARKET CAP \$70,270 m



BRAND RATING

AAA-

DOMICLE

Brazil

16 Bradesco

Brazilian bank Bradesco has fallen down the rankings for the third consecutive year, tumbling from ninth to 16th position in the Banking 500 after losing \$2 billion of brand value. Bradesco's fortunes reflect the weakening Brazilian economy: GDP growth is much slower in Brazil than in the other BRIC economies, Russia, India and China. However, Bradesco remains the most valuable Latin American brand.

Bradesco owes its strong brand awareness in Brazil to its solid presence in the retail banking sector. Its wide branch network allows it to both service customers' needs effectively and attract new clients. Bradesco also has strong corporate responsibility and environmental policies, and will be a high-profile sponsor of the 2016 Olympic Games in Rio de Janeiro.

New strategic partnerships being negotiated in developed countries and Asia could strengthen Bradesco's brand awareness, create new business streams, help to diversify risk and further its global ambitions.

The Top 20: Profiles 17, 18, 19

17 Barclays

If it could, Barclays might choose to erase 2012 from its history. Its involvement in the rigging of the world's most important financial benchmark – Libor – led to the loss of three of its top executives, including its chief executive Bob Diamond. Then, last October, the US Federal Energy Regulatory Commission accused Barclays of manipulating the power market, resulting in a \$470 million fine, which Barclays did not challenge. As if that weren't enough, the bank was revealed to be under investigation by the UK's Serious Fraud Office about commercial agreements between Barclays and Qatar Holding LLC.

The turbulence has had a negative effect on Barclays' brand image, and left it little time to create any good news. However, with a new chief executive at the helm committed to redressing past wrongs, Barclays' challenge now is to rebuild its reputation as a pillar of the UK banking industry.



BRAND VALUE \$13,436m



MARKET CAP \$46.686m



BRAND RATING

DOMICLE

18 Itaú

Itaú, which lost brand value and fell five places down the rankings this year, is, like Bradesco, another victim of the weakening Brazilian economy. This was in spite of significant brand building: its brand rating rose from AA to AA+ this year. One of the largest advertisers in Brazil, Itaú innovates constantly in terms of both advertising and sponsorships. It has built a global brand presence through its 'Global Latin American bank' campaign, which, by referencing its roots, its current customers, its growth focus and its global feel, positions Itaú as a benchmark for Brazilian banks.

For the 13th consecutive year Itaú is part of the Dow Jones Sustainability World Index (DJSI), which comprises a portfolio of 340 companies from 30 countries in the Americas, Europe, Asia, Africa and Oceania. Only nine of the participants are Brazilian, and Itaú is the only Latin American bank to have been included in the index since it was created in 1999.



BRAND VALUE \$12,442m



MARKET CAP \$73,569m



BRAND RATING

AA+

DOMICLE

Brazil

19 Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ

Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ (BMTU) climbed four places in the rankings this year, adding over \$3 billion of brand value and improving its rating from AA to AA+ in the process. The bank grew strongly in 2012 on the back of business alliances and strategic partnerships, an expansion that will continue to increase its brand awareness outside its historic operating markets.

It has forged alliances in South-East Asian countries as well as Turkey, Mexico and Brazil, in order to provide support to Japanese and foreign companies with its wide range of products and services. These include commercial banking, trust banking, securities, credit cards, consumer finance and asset management.

BMTU entered the Banking 500 Top 20 this year for the first time. The bank is Japan's strongest financial brand and the fifth most valuable brand in Asia-Pacific.



BRAND VALUE





MARKET CAP \$73,785m



BRAND RATING

DOMICLE

Japan

The Top 20: Profiles 20



BRAND RATING

AAA

DOMICLE

Canada

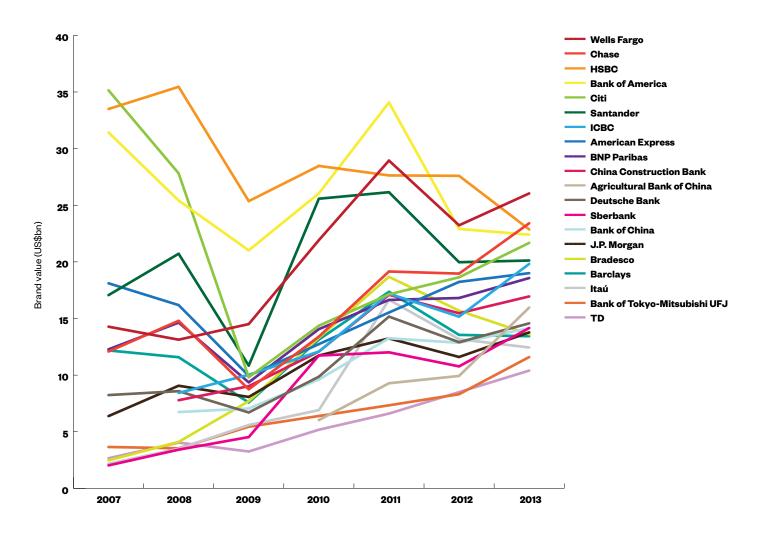
20 Toronto Dominion Bank

The Canadian bank Toronto Dominion (TD) has grown its operations in the US over the past year, demonstrating its ability to compete with big US banks. It has overtaken its Canadian rival RBC in the Banking 500, based both on operational excellence – it has a wide branch network – and growing brand awareness, especially in eastern United States.

Its acquisition of Target's US credit card portfolio boosted its market share in North America. It entered into a seven-year agreement with Target to become the exclusive issuer of Target-branded Visa and private-label consumer credit cards. This is a tremendous win for TD: the high-profile, national US brand will provide a considerable boost to its North American expansion. TD also announced that it would acquire Epoch Holding Corporation, which will significantly enhance its North American Wealth business. Both these moves challenge RBC's dominance in the credit card and wealth management businesses.

Top 20 historical overview 2013

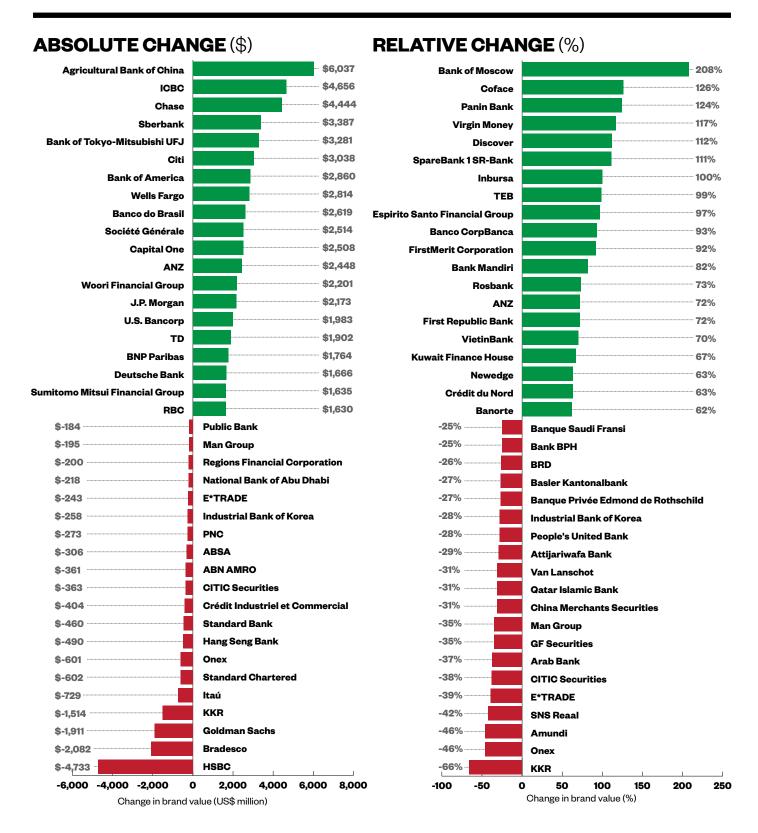
The diagram below charts the rise, fall and rise of the world's 20 most valuable banking brands over the past six years. Well's Fargo's steady rise contrasts with HSBC's dramatic decline.



Winners and losers

East beats West

Agricultural Bank of China enjoyed the biggest gain in brand value — over \$6bn — this year, while HSBC suffered the biggest loss — nearly \$5bn meanwhile, Bank of Moscow trebled its value.



Regional results

A shifting picture

Banking has recovered much of the ground it lost after the global financial and economic crisis of 2008. However the picture varies significantly between regions, and even between countries within regions, as the charts and tables over the next few pages show.

IN TERMS OF total brand value, the US leads the country rankings by a considerable margin. US banking brand values stand at over \$230 billion—around \$26 billion higher than last year. This performance reflects the fact that US banks have cleaned up their balance sheets and that economic recovery in the US has been stronger than in Europe.

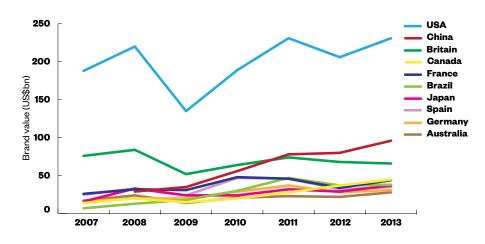
China overtook the UK this year to take second position in the country rankings, with brands worth over \$95 billion. The Asian market is relatively stable, and the big Chinese banks are steadily extending their business in developing markets, building international brand awareness as they do so.

North America and Asia have been rising steadily since the 2008 crisis, but while Europe recovered after 2008, it fell back again before starting to recover once more. Europe's faltering performance has been significantly influenced by the \$1.5 billion fall in brand value of UK banks, due largely to poor performances by HSBC and Standard Chartered.

In South America, the Pacific, the Middle East and Africa, brand values have remained fairly stagnant over the past year.

Over the eight years that Brand Finance and *The Banker* have collaborated to produce the Banking 500, the biggest story has been the rise of the emerging markets. While this trend continues, the picture was less clear cut this year. For example, while the brand value of Russian banks has risen by 452 per cent since 2008, Indonesian banks by 443 per cent, Philippine banks by 412 per cent, and Columbian banks by 377 per cent, two Brazilian banks feature in the 'biggest losers' list this year, victims of the weakening Brazilian economy.

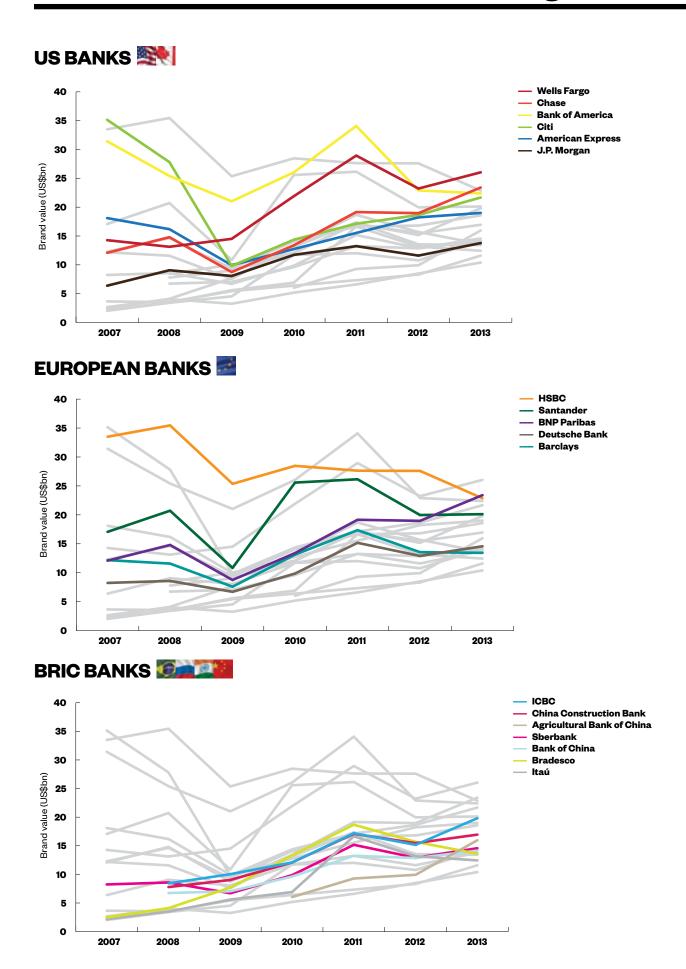
TOP 10 COUNTRIES BY TOTAL BRAND VALUE



REGIONALANALYSIS - GROWTH IN TOTAL COUNTRY BRAND VALUE SINCE 2008			
%change	Country	Total brand value 2013	Number of brands
452%	Russia	19,480	8
443%	Indonesia	5,020	8
412%	Philippines	874	3
377%	Colombia	2,089	3
335%	China	95,692	23
332%	Turkey	9,768	10
307%	Malaysia	6,226	6
292%	Brazil	37,957	8
279%	South Korea	20,945	16
272%	Israel	2,376	5
223%	India	14,494	20
222%	Chile	1,387	3
222%	Canada	44,730	15
214%	Denmark	5,086	4
199%	Singapore	7,311	3
198%	Thailand	3,659	6
183%	Norway	3,277	2
159%	Sweden	13,343	4
154%	Germany	28,496	16
146%	Uae	4,423	9
144%	Peru	271	1
139%	Netherlands	17,288	5
139%	France	44,062	24
129%	Hong Kong	2,822	4
126%	Qatar	1,902	4

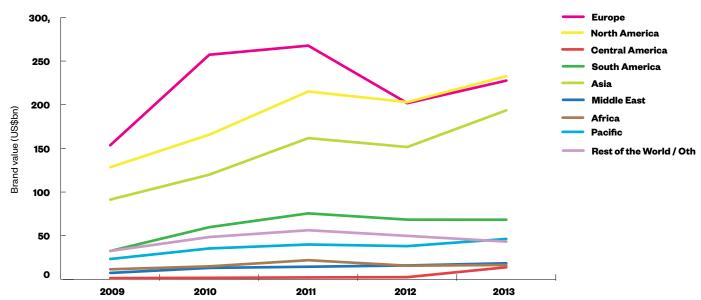
REGIONALANALYSIS - TOP 25 COUNTRIES BY TOTAL BRAND VALUE				
Rank 2012	Country	Total brand value	Number of brands	
1	Unites States	230,574	93	
2	China	95,692	23	
3	United Kingdom	66,490	26	
4	Canada	44,731	15	
5	France	44,062	24	
6	Brazil	37,957	8	
7	Japan	37,333	37	
8	Spain	33,031	10	
9	Germany	28,496	16	
10	Australia	28,175	18	
11	Switzerland	22,031	16	
12	Russia	19,480	8	
13	Italy	19,074	21	
14	Netherlands	17,288	5	
15	South Korea	15,429	14	
16	India	14,494	20	
17	Sweden	13,343	4	
18	Turkey	9,768	10	
19	Singapore	7,311	3	
20	South Africa	7,138	9	
21	Malaysia	6,226	6	
22	Denmark	5,086	4	
23	Indonesia	5,020	8	
24	Austria	4,528	2	
25	UAE	4,423	9	

Regional results



Regional results

REGIONAL ANALYSIS HISTORIC OVERVIEW



North American and Asian banks have been on a steady rise since 2009, but despite an early strong recovery European bank brand values tumbled last year and have not yet regained their lost ground.

EUROPE				
Rank	Brand	2013	2012	
1	BNP Paribas	14,587	12,989	
2	Sberbank	14,160	10,772	
3	Santander	10,180	10,931	
4	Barclays	7,644	10,362	
5	HSBC	7,541	9,697	
6	Rabobank	7,406	7,328	
7	Nordea	6,538	5,205	
8	Deutsche Bank	6,316	8,770	
9	Société Générale	6,004	3,944	
10	ING	4,911	4,962	

SOUTH AMERICA			
Rank	Brand	2013	2012
1	Bradesco	13,610	15,692
2	ltaú	12,442	13,171
3	Banco do Brasil	9,883	7,264
4	Santander	9,594	9,038
5	Citi	4,408	3,977
6	HSBC	3,174	3,668
7	Morgan Stanley	1,809	2,143
8	BBVA	1,694	
9	Goldman Sachs	1,416	2,731
10	Deutsche Bank	1,034	1,251

AFRICA				
Rank	Brand	2013	2012	
1	Standard Bank	1,505	1,911	
2	ABSA	1,482	1,784	
3	Citi	1,465	1,948	
4	Nedbank	1,259	1,049	
5	First National Bank	1,045	988	
6	American Express	750	1,136	
7	Credit Suisse	740	783	
8	Goldman Sachs	637	1,224	
9	Standard Chartered	528	610	
10	Morgan Stanley	429	681	

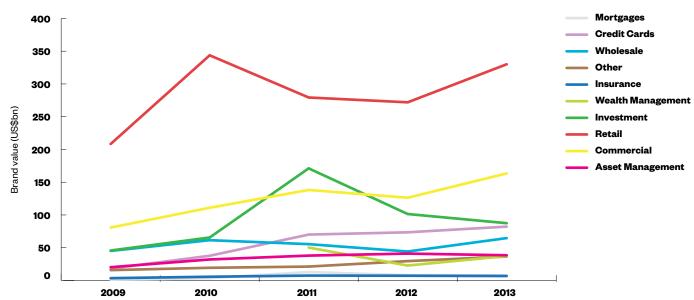
NOR	NORTH AMERICA			
Rank	Brand	2013	2012	
1	Wells Fargo	26,044	23,229	
2	Bank of America	18,219	19,266	
3	Chase	17,848	14,456	
4	American Express	13,823	13,518	
5	J.P. Morgan	10,503	8,845	
6	TD	9,378	7,741	
7	RBC	8,592	7,379	
8	Citi	7,934	6,217	
9	Capital One	6,897	4,604	
10	U.S. Bancorp	6,497	4,514	

MIDD	MIDDLE EAST				
Rank	Brand	2013	2012		
1	QNB	1,307	1,264		
2	Al-Rajhi Bank	1,192	1,244		
3	National Bank of Abu Dhabi	988	991		
4	Emirates NBD	971	1,038		
5	Bank Hapoalim	792	774		
6	First Gulf Bank	775	713		
7	Kuwait Finance House	751	449		
8	Bank Leumi	692	545		
9	NBK Capital	587	512		
10	Samba Financial Group	568	740		

ASIA - PACIFIC			
Rank	Brand	2013	2012
1	ICBC	19,472	14,758
2	China Construction Bank	16,667	15,148
3	Agricultural Bank of China	15,967	9,929
4	Bank of China	13,768	12,537
5	Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ	10,738	6,315
6	HSBC	6,483	7,797
7	ANZ	5,832	3,172
8	State Bank of India	5,729	4,472
9	Bank of Communications	5,587	4,406
10	Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group	5,206	3,759

Sector results

SECTOR ANALYSIS BRAND VALUE BY PRODUCT SEGMENT



Retail banking revenues for the top 500 were up 24 per cent, with brand values up 21 per cent. By contrast, investment banking revenues fell by seven per cent and brand values fell by 14 per cent.

ASSET / WEALTH MANAGEMENT				
Rank	Brand	2013	2012	
1	Deutsche Bank	5,676	3,668	
2	Credit Suisse	4,661	3,375	
3	Ubs	3,705	3,099	
4	Merrill Lynch	3,702		
5	Morgan Stanley	3,196	2,668	
6	Wells Fargo	3,188	2,589	
7	Blackrock	2,730	2,433	
8	State Street	2,626	2,517	
9	Rbc	2,214	1,619	
10	J.P. Morgan	2,136	1,788	

MORTGAGES				
Rank	Brand	2013	2012	
1	Rabobank	795	868	
2	Nationstar Mortgage	782		
3	DZ Bank	760	641	
4	Eurohypo	555	488	
5	HDFC	500	333	
6	BB&T	449	438	
7	Virgin Money	440	202	
8	Wesbank	363		
9	PNC	296	339	
10	Fannie Mae	295	165	

WHO	WHOLESALE / COMMERCIAL BANKING			
Rank	Brand	2013	2012	
1	ICBC	11,372	8,936	
2	China Construction Bank	9,923	8,725	
3	Banco do Brasil	9,883	7,264	
4	Agricultural Bank of China	8,495	6,727	
5	Bank of China	7,623	5,272	
6	Bank of America	6,107	4,611	
7	Scotiabank	5,540	4,269	
8	Sberbank	5,395	4,140	
9	Citi	4,901	4,129	
10	Wells Fargo	4,766	4,129	

INVESTMENT BANKING			
Rank	Brand	2013	2012
1	J.P. Morgan	11,639	9,814
2	Deutsche Bank	8,897	9,237
3	HSBC	5,098	7,512
4	Credit Suisse	4,738	4,719
5	Morgan Stanley	4,353	3,679
6	Barclays	3,479	5,762
7	UBS	3,332	2,709
8	BNP Paribas	3,187	2,755
9	BNY Mellon	3,159	3,170
10	Goldman Sachs	2,112	3,881

RETA	AIL BANKING		
Rank	Brand	2013	2012
1	Santander	18,414	17,032
2	Wells Fargo	18,090	16,511
3	Bradesco	12,961	14,512
4	BNP Paribas	12,570	9,516
5	Chase	12,083	9,036
6	HSBC	11,375	13,949
7	Sberbank	8,765	6,632
8	Citi	8,468	3,730
9	ICBC	8,245	6,097
10	Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ	7,611	5,638

INSU	RANCE		
Rank	Brand	2013	2012
1	RBC	1,126	1,010
2	Bradesco	649	1,181
3	DZ Bank	640	463
4	W&W	529	484
5	RBS	399	162
6	BNP Paribas	344	271
7	Ameriprise Financial	340	0
8	TD	310	328
9	State Bank of India	257	287
10	ICICI Bank	252	280

CREE	DIT CARDS		
Rank	Brand	2013	2012
1	American Express	17,385	16,791
2	Chase	10,018	8,953
3	Bank of America	9,249	8,407
4	Visa	7,342	6,834
5	Itaú	7,244	7,514
6	Citi	6,647	5,393
7	7 Mastercard		5,177
8	Capital One	5,041	3,519
9	Barclays	3,412	3,278
10	Discover	2,668	1,313

TOP1	10 OTHER		
Rank	Brand	2013	2012
1	Bank of America	2,985	819
2	Erste Group	2,397	2,476
3	HSBC	2,289	1,479
4	Raiffeisen Bank	2,131	1,882
5	American Express	1,596	1,440
6	CaixaBank	1,549	0
7	7 U.S. Bancorp		1,011
8	BBVA	1,258	1,089
9	Nomura	1,251	20
10	China Minsheng Bank	949	456

Welcome to the age of Apple Bank?

A panoply of banking pundits took to the podium at Brand Finance's fourth annual Banking Forum in February. The forum, which was held in conjunction with *The Banker*, BBC World News and Cass Business School, focused on leadership, innovation and change. But despite calls for banks to behave more like Apple and Amazon, most still don't seem to have grasped what 'customer focus' really means. Here are some of the highlights....



STEVE DENNING,

author and a former director of the **World Bank**.

66I'm a big fan of what banks are able to contribute to society, but, at an individual level, feel that my bank sees me as a wallet from which they are trying to extract money. Whereas Amazon looks out for my interests and pleasantly surprises me (it recently reminded me that I had already bought a book I was trying to buy), I am wary of my bank which, six years ago, tried to sell me 'hot securities' that turned out to be worthless hedge funds. You can download CDs now from Amazon, free, while banks try impose charges, secretly.

The Edelman Global Trust Survey, published in January, shows that trust in banks is below that even of the media, energy and telecoms companies, and it is lower in the UK (29 per cent) than anywhere else in the world (in China it's 80 per cent, in emerging markets 69 per cent, in the US 50 per cent and the average level of trust across developed markets is 42 per cent).

But the current period of low trust in banks is unusual. Historically banking has been a 'pillar of the community' type business and over 500 years or more has added massive value to society – despite 'bad patches' such as the 1930s. But the period since the 1980s has been characterised by a succession of 'booms and busts' – and it is that that has led to the erosion of trust.

And those booms and busts stem



SIMON PATTERSON, managing director of executive remuneration consultants Patterson Associates

66 Remuneration elements in FTSE-100 and FTSE-250 companies are not clearly tied to performance. Pay is similar, if not higher, for those companies that lose value. This affects trust. Lengthy remuneration reports, which serve to obfuscate rather than illuminate, do little to help.....?

from the new imperative to 'maximise shareholder value' – in other words, to make money. Firms pursuing multiple goals were seen as 'confused' and advised to focus on a single goal – an attitude that still pervades the Global 1000 and Wall Street.

But the consequences in banking were dire: 'maximising shareholder value' led to 'bad profits' (derived from activities such as price gouging, gaming the system, toll collection, zero-sum trading and extraordinary compensation) and then 'illegal profits' (from fixing Libor, foreclosure abuses, money laundering, assisting tax evasion and deceiving clients).

The shareholder value theory has failed, because strategies designed to 'maximise shareholder value' have served to reduce shareholder value in the medium term. A study from Deloitte shows that return on assets and return on investment capital have been in



6 Pricing and service quality are critical to customer satisfaction, and transparency around fees is the most sought-after improvement globally.9

CLAIRE FULDA, head of brand innovations at **BNP Paribas**, the ninth most valuable brand in the Banking 500, and the most valuable European brand (at \$14.5bn).

66BNP Paribas is at pains to deliver value to all its stakeholders. Our mission is as follows: 'BNP Paribas is a responsible bank, which undertakes on a daily basis to combine ethics and economic performance, serve and finance its clients and support growth.' The four supporting pillars are economic responsibility, employer responsibility, civic responsibility and environmental responsibility.

At the heart of all our initiatives lie four core values (for all employees) and four management principles (for all senior managers). These are, respectively, responsiveness, creativity, commitment and ambition; and client focus, risk-aware entrepreneurship, people care, and leadership by example. These drive and motivate our teams as they service clients on a day-to-day basis.

Customer satisfaction and the capacity to innovate are at the heart of our commercial model.

The US and Asia are very important for the development of technology, especially mobile banking technology, so it makes sense to partner with companies there. Pricing and service quality are critical to customer satisfaction, and transparency around fees is the most sought-after improvement globally. ??

steady decline since 1965. Firms are dying faster and faster: life expectancy of the firms in the Fortune 500 has fallen from around 75 years more than half a century ago to less than 15 years today. The study also found that employee engagement is low: only one in five workers is fully engaged in his or her work.

In 2009 Jack Welch, the legendary GE boss, pointed out the conceptual error in shareholder value: "Making money for the shareholders is the result, not the goal....Maximising shareholder value is the dumbest idea in the world."

Maximising shareholder value has distracted banks from their true social purpose of creating financial



ELISABETTA VASCO, head of quality control and customer care **UBI Banca**

66 Five years ago we launched a big customer satisfaction survey, covering ten per cent of our customers each year. Customers who have had complaints dealt with to their satisfaction tend to give higher scores than the average, and the bank has built on this with a special programme aimed at 'dissatisfied' customers."

opportunities and reducing financial risk for an ever wider circle of citizens and enterprises.

However, a revolution is underway – even though it might not have reached the banks yet. Firms that are totally customer focused do make money look at Apple. When Steve Jobs rejoined the almost bankrupt company in 1997 he decided to test the proposition on a large scale. Most products clearly weren't delighting customers and he sacked everyone who wasn't sure what they were supposed to be doing or who didn't feel what they did added value to customers. The new focus allowed Apple to reinvent a number of mature industries - music, mobile phones, computers - and create enormous value in the process.

In 2006 Marc Benioff, CEO of Californian business Salesforce (and described by *Forbes* in 2011 as 'the most valuable man on the planet'), introduced a new approach: to identify the most important thing they could do to delight their customers and get the best people in the business to work on that exclusively

for a month. He repeated the exercise with the next and the next and the next priorities, and while many managerial positions disappeared in the process, the new approach meant that the firm was working 80 per cent of the time (rather than 20 per cent, as previously) on the most important things.

This approach is spreading to firms including Amazon, Costco, Starbucks, Southwest Airlines and Google, and the results speak for themselves. While the value of the Standard and Poor's 500 rose by 51 per cent over ten years, Apple's stock improved by 9,000 per cent, Amazon by 1,200 per cent, Salesforce by 950 per cent, Google by 740 per cent, and so on.

So clearly, the goal for leadership in banking has to move from 'shareholder value, bad profits and illegal profits', to 'adding value to customers, customerfocused innovation and extraordinary sustained profits'.

To do this they need to rediscover their historical purpose and devote themselves totally to creating financial opportunities and reducing financial risk for an ever wider circle of citizens and enterprises. The focus of innovation must shift from finding new (and even unscrupulous) ways of making money for themselves, to helping their customers – and the possibilities of technology have only just begun to be exploited.

The regulators need to look to their leadership laurels too, because the Herculean effort to restore trust and confidence through regulation has failed, massively increasing the costs of banking without making the system any safer. The root cause of the 2008 meltdown was lack of transparency, but on that front nothing has changed. Witness this quote from a December 2012 article in the US magazine Atlantic, headlined 'What's inside America's banks': 'Banks today are bigger and more opaque than ever, and they continue to trade in derivatives in many of the same ways they did before the crash, but on a larger scale and with precisely the same unknown risks.'

You have to prevent derivate trading, not ring-fence it. Ring-fencing secret trading is like ring-fencing an unsafe nuclear facility. >>



6 Being good and telling it is no longer enough?

DR CEES VAN RIEL.

professor of corporate communication at **Rotterdam School of Management, Erasmus University**

66When it comes to building and sustaining a positive reputation, 'being good and telling it' is no longer enough. According to *The Guardian*, in 2011 the finance industry spent £92 million lobbying about its activities in an attempt to secure favourable policy changes as part of the 'economic war of attrition'. This had little effect.

The notion of 'being good' now extends to anticipating social developments that affect your business directly and indirectly, witness the respective approaches – and fortunes – of McDonald's and Johnson and Johnson.

McDonald's fast-food positioning has made it vulnerable to activism and litigation from health lobbyists around the world, but it took six years for it to change its menu. It did not take ownership of the obesity problem. By contrast, Johnson and Johnson, who operate in the field of pharmaceuticals and medical equipment as well as baby products, so can't take their 'nice' reputation for granted, anticipated a major problem in the US – a national shortage of nurses – and took full ownership of it.



JANE GRIFFITHS, marketing director EMEA at Citibank

66 Banks need to develop product and service 'parity' with leading consumer brands, such as John Lewis and Apple, and give people a reason to choose them. Millward Brown found that 59 per cent of consumers make decisions based on brand alone, compared to just seven per cent who make decisions based on price alone. This gap has widened over the past decade, from 43 per cent and 16 per cent respectively. > 9

They did a study, created a national database of vacancies, ran a compelling advertising campaign, and within 18 months there was no longer a shortage of nurses. Similarly, they set up a website and text helpline to help address another national problem: teenage pregnancies. These are examples of initiatives that create alignment and engagement inside and outside the organisation, and change society.

Johnson and Johnson's approach is dramatically different from the dominant approach over recent years of banks (at least the biggest banks) seeking to benefit themselves at the expense of other stakeholders - primarily customers, but, ultimately, shareholders too.

Brands that do align and engage with their internal and external stakeholders build and sustain positive reputations. And brands with a largely positive reputation are much more resilient to reputational crises than those with a more negative reputation.



JOHN HUMPISH, strategy director at Brand Finance

Banks are missing a trick by failing to exploit customer needs that are either unmet or poorly or expensively met by competitors. For example:

- Wonga makes three million loans a year at 4,200 per cent
- 60 per cent of consumers have no life insurance
- 75 per cent of people under 45 don't have a will
- Only two per cent of people have £50,000 in ISAs after 13 years
- 28 per cent of people have no idea what their state pension will be
- 12 million people are making little or no provision for retirement.

What do banks provide?

- wine club membership
- card protection
- breakdown cover
- legal cover
- mobile phone insurance
- National Trust membership
- airline lounge passes
- restaurant discounts
- travel insurance

Cass Business School EUNIVERSITY LONDON

What do customers want?

- one per cent interest on the whole balance of a current account
- 2.5 per cent interest on the whole balance of a deposit account
- a credit card with 1.5 per cent cash-back on all purchases
- a lifetime tracker mortgage at a sustainable one per cent above base rate
- meaningful discounts across a full spectrum of core utility providers
- no hidden fees.

BRAND FINANCE VERDICT

Steve Denning's opening shot summarised the challenges facing banks and explains why consumers have so little trust in them. We all know what they can and do contribute to society, but banks themselves seem to have lost sight of the 'pillar of the community' role they should be playing, focused as they are on 'fleecing' their customers. Much of what banks have done over recent years amounts to an abuse of their customers. Meanwhile other businesses have grown increasingly customer focused. No wonder we heard repeated calls at the forum for banks to behave more like Apple, Amazon and John Lewis, who have found that genuinely putting the customer first results in strong and sustainable profits.

But the evidence suggests that the banks just don't get it. One delegate asked why banks don't open after 5 o'clock. 'Because customers mostly come in at lunchtimes', came the reply. Banks will never move on while they are locked in this reactionary mode. Customer focus is about much more than smiling and telling people to have a good day. It's not about doing things right, but about doing the right things.

And 'the right things' as far as banks are concerned include both delivering the products and services that customers actually want rather than those that banks think they want, and behaving as responsible corporate citizens in a world where a brand's reputation is an increasingly important determinant of customer choice.

Banks need to wake up and smell the coffee, because their peers in other sectors won't be such laggards. Apple reinvented music, mobile phones and computers, all of them mature industries. Who's to say banking won't be next on its agenda?

Methodology

How do we value brands?

Brand Finance employs a discounted cash flow technique to discount estimated future royalties at an appropriate rate to arrive at a net present value of a bank's trademark and associated intellectual property – its brand value.

The steps in this process are:

- Obtain brand-specific financial and revenue data. The revenue is then segmented into the following revenue streams: retail banking, commercial banking, wholesale/investment banking, insurance, asset management and credit cards.
- Model the market to identify market demand and the position of individual banks in the context of all other market competitors.
 - Three forecast periods are used:
 - Estimated financial results for 2012 using Institutional Brokers Estimate System (IBES) consensus forecast.
 - A five-year forecast period (2013 to 2017) based on three sources: IBES, historic growth and gross domestic product (GDP) growth.
 - Perpetuity growth based on a combination of growth expectations (GDP and IBES).
- 3. Establish the royalty rate for each bank by:
 - calculating brand strength on a scale of zero to 100 according to a number of attributes, including asset strength, emotional connection, market share and profitability
 - determining the royalty rate for each revenue stream mentioned in step one
 - calculating the future royalty income stream.

- Calculate the discount rate specific to each bank, taking account of its size, geographical presence, reputation, gearing and brand rating (see below).
- 5. Discount future royalty stream (explicit forecast and perpetuity periods) to a net present value the brand value.

Royalty Relief approach

Brand Finance uses a 'relief from royalty' methodology that determines the value of the brand in relation to the royalty rate that would be payable for its use, were it owned by a third party. The royalty rate is applied to future revenue to determine an earnings stream that is attributable to the brand. The brand earnings stream is then discounted back to a net present value.

This approach is used for three reasons.

- 1. It is favoured by tax authorities and the courts because it calculates brand values by reference to documented third-party transactions.
- 2. It can be done based on publicly available financial information.
- 3. It is compliant with the requirement under the International Valuation Standards Committee (IVSC) to determine Fair Market Value of brands.

Brand ratings

These are calculated using Brand Finance's ßrandßeta analysis, which benchmarks the strength, risk and potential of a brand relative to its competitors, on a scale from AAA to D. It is conceptually similar to a credit rating.

The data used to calculate the ratings comes from various sources including Bloomberg annual reports and Brand Finance research.

Brand ratings definitions

AAA Extremely strong
AA Very strong
A Strong
BBB-B Average
CCC-C Weak
DDD-D Failing

Valuation date

All brand values in this report are for the end of the year, 31st December 2012.

Bespoke reports

Understanding the value of your own brand

Are you interested in a detailed breakdown of how we have calculated the brand value of your company? Would you like to know where value is being generated within the business, and where you could generate more value? Brand Finance's bespoke reports for clients provide a great insight into how to maximise the value of their brands.

What's included?

- 2013 brand valuation result
- Competitive comparison
- Brand strength analysis
- Brand value calculation and methodology
- Valuation schedules and key assumptions
- Understanding changes in brand value
- Trademark registration review
- Observations and recommendations
- Global results

90% of companies that buy our reports do so on an annual basis

Key benefits

- An understanding of how brand value has been calculated in a simple and clear format that the brand team can digest and present to senior management
- An understanding of where value is being generated within the business
- Slides detailing the valuation schedule and key assumptions
- Year on year changes in brand value, and reasons
- A review of brand value against competitors
- Lots of great charts and tables for internal and external presentations







Get in touch

To speak to someone about your brand value please contact Vinoth Jayakumar.



+44 (0)20 7389 9400



v.jayakumar@brandfinance.com

All of Brand Finance's league tables are published on **Brandirectory.com**

TOP	500 MOS	TOP 500 MOST VALUABLE BANKNIG BRANDS 1-50								TOP 50	D MOST	TOP 500 MOST VALUABLE BANKNIG BRANDS 51-100	00						
Rank 2013	Rank 3 2012	Rank Brand 2012	Domicile	Brand value 2013 (\$m)	Brand rating 2013	Market cap 2013 (\$m)	Brand value/ market Cap (%) 2013 (\$m)	Brand value 2012 (\$m)	Brand rating 2012	Rank 2013	Rank 2012	Brand	Domicile	Brand value 2013 (\$m)	Brand rating 2013	Market cap 2013 (\$m)	Brand value/ market Cap (%) 2013 (\$m)	Brand value 2012 (\$m)	Brand rating 2012
ᆔ	2	Wells Fargo	Sn	26,044	AA+	182,986	14%	23,229	+AA+		22	Shinhan Financial Group	South Korea	4,185	AA-	17,868	23%	2,746	AA-
7	ω	Chase	Sn	23,408	AAA-	94,016	25%	18,964	AA+	52	46	BNY Mellon	Sn	4,135	ΑA	31,062	13%	4,029	AA-
ი •	н а	HSBC .	* * *	22,865	AAA-	180,294	13%		AAA			Westpac	Australia	4,108	AA+	59,384			AA :
4 rc	^ئ س	Dank of America	S S	22,397	4A+ 4A+	112 395	19%	18,639	4A+	40	0 *	Danske Bank Merrill I vnch	Denmark	3 702	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	19,741	16%	3 392	AA-
) (c	0 4	Santander	Spain	20,119	444-	80.346	25%		ΔΑΔ-		50	DZ Bank	Germany	3 700	{ 4				. A
-	- 11	IOBC		19,820	4A+	242,613	8 %		AA+			Nomura	Japan	3,520	4 A	22,702	16%		AA-
œ	7	American Express		19,004	AAA-	66,025	29%		AAA-			DBS	Singapore	3,476	\$	29,542			AA
0	80	BNP Paribas	France	18,573	AAA-	61,362	30%	16,809	AA+	69	*	ABN AMRO	Netherlands	3,439	Ą				AA-
10	10	Ohina Construction Bank	China	16,949	*	208,838	%8	15,464	AA	09	28	Lloyds TSB	¥	3,225	*	17,207	19%	2,701	AA-
11	18	Agricultural Bank of China	Ohina	15,967	-AA	152,037	11%	9,929	A +	61	54	Orédit Agricole	France	3,151	AA+	6,951	45%	2,841	AA-
12	14	Deutsche Bank	Germany	14,572	AAA-	41,669	35%	12,906	AA+		74	China Minsheng Bank	China	2,977	-\	36,029	%8		A+
13	17	Sberbank	Russia	14,160	AA+	65,737	22%	10,772	AA+	63	64	DNB	Norway	2,937	-AA	21,010	14%	2,395	AA-
14	15	Bank of Ohina	China	14,145	AA+	131,926	11%	12,857	AA-			BB&T	Sn	2,832	AA+	20,933	14%	2,616	AA+
15	16	J.P. Morgan	Sn	13,775	AA+	75,413	18%		AA+			KB Financial Group	South Korea	2,758	-AA	14,213			AA-
16	0	Bradesco	Brazil	13,610	AAA-	70,270	19%		AAA-			Discover	Sn	2,737	¥	19,093	vo.		A +
17	12	Barclays	ž	13,436	\{	46,686	29%		AA+			Blackrock	Sn	2,730	¥	37,380			AA-
18	13	Itaú	Brazil	12,442	+ W	73,569	17%	_	¥ Y			Commerzbank	Germany	2,689	AAA-	8,240			AA-
19	23	Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ	Japan	11,596	*	73,785	16%		AA-			China CITIC Bank	China	2,665	+ +	31,334			A +
20	21	TD	Canada	10,401	AAA	76,278	14%		AA-			State Street	Sn	2,626	+ *	22,339			AA
21	20	RBC	a	10,277	AAA-	88,473	12%		AA+			HypoVereinsbank	Italy	2,609	¥	7,624			A +
22	26	Banco do Brasil		9,883	AAA-	36,876	27%		AA		89	Ameriprise Financial	Sn	2,556	\$	13,413	19%		AA «
23	7.7	Credit Suisse	arland	9,820	+ AA +	32,027	31%		AA+			Svenska Handelsbanken	Sweden	2,499	{ :	73,050			-AA-
24	27	BBVA	5	8,328	₹ :	51,407	16%		AA-			KBC	Belgium	2,478	∳ :	13,251			AA-
32	87.	Visa	SO :	7,555	AAA-	105,389	%,		AAA-			Erste Group	Austria	7,397	{ ;	12,762	٥		AA-
20	36	Morgan Stanley Capital One	SO OS	7.456	A A A	35,221	20%	0,347	A A	0/	389	Snangnal Pudong Development Bank Woori Financial Group	South Korea	2,381	+ + + +	9.240	26%	180	AA-
28	19	Goldman Sachs		7.421	AAA-	63,455	12%		AA+			Halifax	ž	2.373	*	12.962		0	¥¥
29	25	Rabobank	herlands	7,406	AA+				AA+			SunTrust Banks	Sn	2,357	-A	15,427			AA-
30	30	NBS	Switzerland	7,290	AA-	60,461	12%	5,944	A A	80	87	VTB Bank	Russia	2,343	+ +	18,389	13%	1,797	A +
31	38	Société Générale	France	7,248	AA-	20,134	36%	4,734	A+		78	Crédit Mutuel	France	2,309	4			1,951	- A
32	31	Scotiabank	Canada	7,036	AA+	66,543	11%	6,717	ΑA	82	92	SEB	Sweden	2,303	AA+	18,990	12%	1,663	AA-
33	24	d Chartered		7,022	AA+	62,688	11%		AAA-			Macquarie	Australia	2,273	AA	12,689			AA
34	34		den	6,538	AA+	39,520	17%		\$:		T	NatWest	Y	2,196	AA+	12,033			AA .
G 80	33	U.S. Bancorp Bank of Montreal	Oanada	6,497	AA+	61,131	11%	4,514	AA-	£ 82	81	Kaitteisen Bank Akhank	Austria	2,131	AA-	8,242	26%	1,882	Α+
2 6	8 *	Name of the second seco	abde	6,131	(A	20,04	2		Z - 4				Singapore	2,121	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	25,010			AA-
388	30	State Bank of India		5,995	AA+	30,253	20%		AA+			trial Bank Co.	China	2,076	. ∠	29,062			. 4
39	90	ANZ	Australia	5,832	AA+	72,158	8%		AA+		86	ls Bank	Turkey	2,061	AA+	15,254	14%		AA
40	32	Bank of Communications	China	5,803	ΑA	59,424	10%	2,630	AA-	06	91	Franklin Templeton Investments	Sn	2,004	Ą	27,554	7%	1,760	AA-
41	48	Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group	an	5,484	ΑĄ	45,484	12%		AA-		6		Sweden	2,003	ΑĄ	21,966			A+
45	35	Masteroard	ns	5,418	₩	67,870	%6	5,177	AA+		06	Deutsche Postbank	Germany	1,966	AA-	9,057	22%	1,767	A +
43	45	RBS		5,416	ĄĄ.	29,884	18%		A +			CIMB	Malaysia	1,900	AAA-	18,632			AAA-
44	42	Commonwealth Bank of Australia		5,296	AA+	71,532	42%		AA+			Bank of Scotland	ž	1,884	+ +	10,675			A
45	43	nab	ralia	4,982	4 4 +	39,391	13%		AA			Natixis	France	1,873	-\	10,030			A +
46	4	UniOredit		4,926	{	15,381	32%		A +		0	LOL	France	1,855	{	4,211			A+
47	40	OIBO	æ	4,809	₹ :	32,892	15%	4,557	AA-	97	80 0	National Bank of Canada	Canada	1,849	++ ×	12,566	15%		A+
0 0	77	China Merohante Bank	China	7,710	{ {	44,010	10%				_	Tailg Selig Bailk	TO ME STORE	1,041	{ {	414,62		1,004	1
ן ה	7 7	DNO CHILIS DAIR		4,009	{ {	21,900	17%					City Dalik	al Cla	1 217	{ {	14.097			{ <
3	5			1,0,1	{	01,000	? †		{			בווות המוצ	3	10,1	{	14,0,1			_ {

TOP 5	SOM 00:	TOP 500 MOST VALUABLE BANKNIG BRANDS 101-150	150							106 40 L		TOP 500 MOST VALUABLE BANKNIG BRANDS 151-200	200						
Rank 2013	Rank 2012	Rank Brand 2012	Domicile	Brand	Brand	Market cap 2013		Brand E	Brand	Rank F 2013 2	Rank E 2012	Brand	Domicile	Brand	Brand	Market cap 2013	Brand value/	Brand value	Brand
				2013 (\$m)		(æ (æ	market Cap (%) 2013 (\$m)		2012					2013 (\$m)	2013	(& m\$)	market Cap (%) 2013 (\$m)	2012 (\$m)	2012
101	125	Shenzhen Development Bank	China	1,757	Ą	13,146	13%	1,097	4	151	179	ORIX	Japan	950	AA-	12,323	%8	611	+ A
102	108	OCBC Bank	Singapore	1,719	AA	27,433	%9	1,366	AA	152 1	122 F	Regions Financial Corporation	SN	941	AA-	10,357	%6	1,141	A +
103	73	Standard Bank	South Africa	1,705	AA+	12,251	14%	2,165 /	AA+	153 1	128 E	Bank Rakyat Indonesia Monte dei Deschi di Siona	Indonesia	940	AA-	18,507	5%	1,084	¥ +
105	100	China Everbright Bank	Ohina	1,665	< <	19,920		=	. <			Banca Nazionale del Lavoro	France	906	{ \	5,459	17%	833	+ X
106	106	Intesa Sanbaolo	Italy	1.657	+	6.997	ļ		***			Oredit Saison	Japan	888	+ +	4.454	20%	009	. <
107	82	Charles Schwab	, SU	1,651		19,203			*			Zürcher Kantonalbank	Switzerland	884	∢			873	-AA
108	101	St.George	Australia	1,603		16,967			¥		163	BOA	Indonesia	860	+ +	22,774	4%	694	-AA
109	77	Crédit Industriel et Commercial	France	1,583	<	5,394	78%	1,987	A +	159 1	156	VakifBank	Turkey	829	AA-	068'9	12%	737	AA-
110	104	Garanti	Turkey	1,579	AAA-	22,305	%2	1,434	AAA-	160	151	NORD/LB	Germany	823	<			823	-\
111	66	Maybank	Malaysia	1,558		22,050			AA-			Siam Commercial Bank	Thailand	819	AA-	20,465	4%	594	AA-
112	135	CaixaBank	Spain	1,549		15,217		Ø	AA-			Cheltenhan & Gloucester	K	817	AA-	5,434	15%	795	AA-
113	141	Orédit du Nord	France	1,514	AA-	4,321	35%	931	∢		164	Sallie Mae	ns	812	AA-	8,018	10%	989	A+
114		Desjardins	Canada	1,502	_							LPL Financial	SN	800	∢	3,180	25%	714	∢
115	88	ABSA	South Africa	1,491		13,796			*			Banco Popolare	Italy	798	AA-	2,471	32%	708	∢
116	109	Hana Financial Group	South Korea	1,446		8,348			A +			Bank Pekao	Poland	794	+ +	14,009	%9	857	A +
117	117	Invesco	SN	1,408		11,994			A-		152 E	Bank Hapoalim	Israel	792	AA-	5,745	14%	814	AA-
118	119	Scottish Widows	¥	1,346		7,547			+ +			Nationstar Mortgage	Sn	782	∢	2,831	28%		
119	126	Nedbank	South Africa	1,312	Ą	10,340	,		A-			KKR	Sn	778	∢	10,651	42%	2,291	A+
120	114	ONB	Qatar	1,307	Ą	25,850			AA+			First Gulf Bank	Uae	775	AA+	9,760	%8	713	4 + W
121	107	Blackstone	Sn	1,297		17,968			*			Daiwa Securities Group	Japan	758	∢	9,815	%8	703	∢ .
122	71*	Banamex	Sn :	1,293		8,982	٥	7	\$			Bank Negara Indonesia	Indonesia	755	-b	7,233	10%	629	A+
123	*	Bank Mandiri	Indonesia	1,247	-b Y	19,648			4			OTP Bank	Hungary	754	AA .	5,344	14%	627	¥.
124	112	PKO Bank Polski	Poland	1,246		14,631		ღ	¥4			Kuwait Finance House	Kuwait	751	4	8,537	%6	449	A +
125	140	Raymond James	Sn	1,235		5,499	9		AA-			Axis Bank	India	742	AA	10,679	4%	657	¥
126	*	HDFO Bank	India	1,228	¥ :	29,166			AA :			Bank of Beijing	China	740	+ +	13,133	%9	629	-A-
127	116	Al-Rajhi Bank	Saudi Arabia	1,192		26,695			AA+			Sabadell	Spain	737	-HA	7,740	10%	498	AA
128	124	KeyBank	Sn	1,189		8,253			+ +			Banco de Chile	Chile	729	+ 4	15,028	2%	630	AA-
129	132	Banca IMI	Italy	1,168		5,890	20%		AA-		167 E	Banco Popular Español	Spain	726	ΑA	6,944	10%	699	AA-
130	110	DekaBank	Germany	1,162	+ +				AA-	180	×	KDB Financial Group	South Korea	724	₹				
131	127	Hua Xia Bank	China	1,150		11,355		1,093	A +			Ohinatrust	Taiwan	720	-AA	7,000	10%		
132		Eurazeo	France	1,141		3,295	٥	T		T		Korea Exchange Bank	South Korea	711	+ +	4,733		623	<
133	129	First National Bank	South Africa	1,139	AAA-	12,450	9%	1,076	AAA-	183	111	Onex	Canada	200	4	4,847	14%	1,301	∢ .
1 5	100	Vani Kradi	Turkov	1117		12 171		α	- 4			Dailk Leuilli Investor	ISI AGI	200	. 4	0,000	11%	641	+
136	147	Chuo Mitsui	Japan	1,109		14,735				Т		Taishin Financial Holdings	Taiwan	699	¥¥	2,742	24%	1	
137	115	Public Bank	Malaysia	1,073	-	17,040		1,257	AAA-	187	189 H	Huntington	Sn	699	AA-	5,689	12%	562	A +
138	134	M&T Bank	Sn	1,065	\$	10,745	10%	1,010	AA-		142	Industrial Bank of Korea	South Korea	667	+ +	6,105	11%	925	A+
139	145	Halkbank	Turkey	1,063		12,718	%8	859	¥	189	170 F	Punjab National Bank	India	652	+ +	5,584	12%	640	⋖
140	171*	UBI Banca	Italy	1,060	AA-	4,321	25%	927 /	A+	190	188 L	Legg Mason	Sn	650	+ +	3,436	19%	563	+ +
141	133	Julius Bär	Switzerland	1,053	AA+	7,769	14%	1,028	AA+	191	207	Æon Credit Service	Japan	646	+ +	3,657	18%	477	⋖
142	153	Samsung Card	South Korea	1,041	4	4,115	9		4			W&W	Germany	632	BBB	1,784	35%	597	4
143	137	Kasikornbank	Thailand	1,035		15,609			- W-			Landesbank Berlin	Germany	602	⋖			714	A +
144	121	Northern Trust	SN	1,034	ΑA	12,419		0	AA+			Banca OR Firenze	Italy	669	ΑA	2,463	24%	482	AA-
145	148	T. Rowe Price	ns	1,033	AA-	17,073			A +			Bank Ireland	Ireland	288	AA-	4,666	13%	909	AA-
146	118	National Bank of Abu Dhabi	Uae	988	AA-	10,918		9	AA+			NBK Capital	Kuwait	587	AA	13,909	4%	642	AA+
147	180	Banorte	Mexico	982		15,490			A+			Helaba Landesbank Hessen-Thüringen	Germany	585	⋖			588	⋖
148	143	Resona Bank	Japan	976		7,792			+		139	OITIO Securities	China	585	AA-	23,915	2%	947	-\-
149	131	Emirates NBD	Uae	971	+	4,312	%	ω	*			Allied Irish Banks	Ireland	584	-b A	33,646	2%		
150	138	Grupo Bancolombia	Colombia	971	AA	14,445	2%	953 /	₽	200	201 E	Banca Popolare dell'Emilia Romagna	Italy	581	+ +	2,403	24%	496	∢

TOP 50	TSOM OC	TOP 500 MOST VALUABLE BANKNIG BRANDS 201-250	250							OP SOOT	MOST	IOP 500 MOST VALUABLE BANKNIG BRANDS 251-300	300						
Rank 2013	2013 2012 Brand	Brand	Domicile	Brand value 2013 (\$m)	Brand rating c	Market E cap 2013 v (\$m) n n 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Brand B value/ v value/ v value/ C 2013 (\$m)	Brand Br value rat 2012 20 (\$m)	Brand R rating 2 2012	Rank Ra 2013 20	Rank Brand 2012	and	Domicile	Brand value 2013 (\$m)	Brand rating 2013	Market cap 2013 (\$m)	Brand value/ market Cap (%) 2013 (\$m)	Brand value 2012 (\$m)	Brand rating 2012
201		Oomerica	Sn	581		6,038	10% 5					Ohongqing Rural	China	413	A +	6,399	%8	326	4
202		Caixa Geral de Depósitos	Portugal	280								Jyske Bank	Denmark	407	+ +	2,047		393	A +
203	226	Oitizens Banco de Bonotá	UK	577	+ V +	3,018	19% 4	411 A+		253 26	264 Af	African Bank	South Africa	407	AA -	2,141	19%	319	-V
205		MLC	Australia	575							241 Bg	Bank of Yokohama	Japan	404	¥ }	6,448	%9	389	+
206		Bank Of Baroda	India	574								Banco Comercial Português	Portugal	396	¥	1,975	J.	357	A+
207		RHB Bank	Malaysia	572								Bankinter	Spain	394	Ą	2,654		422	AA-
208		BTGPactual	Brazil	571		(0	4%				252 Ba	Bank of India	India	384	A+	3,793		343	4
209	239	Bank of Ayudhya	Thailand	569			9%	392 A+		259 26	292 Sa	Samsung Securities	South Korea	382	+ +	4,044	%6	259	<
210	225	Shinsei Bank	Japan	568	A+	5,798	10%	412 A		260 25	250 Ba	Bank of the West	France	381	Ą	2,294	17%	349	A+
211	155	Samba Financial Group	Saudi Arabia	268	₹	10,822	2 %9	740 AA-		261 267		First Oitizens	SN	381	-AA	1,740	22%	315	AA-
212	200	OR del Veneto	Italy	568	A+	2,716	21% 4	497 A+		262 21	214 SF	Shizuoka Bank	Japan	379	4+	6,195	%9	460	AA
213		Hong Leong Financial	Malaysia	564	A+	4,784	12%		N	263 177		E*TRADE	Sn	379	¥	2,629	14%	622	AA-
214	248	HDFC	India	562	+ +	_	2% 3	355 AA-		264 24	245 In	Investors Group	Canada	377	+ +	6,539		362	+ +
215	198	AmBank	Malaysia	260	AA-			506 AA-		265 187		Man Group	¥	370	-Y	2,476	15%	999	A +
216		Eurohypo	Germany	555								Stifel Financial	Sn	369	+ +	1,782	vo.	400	A
217		Charter One	¥	553						267 277		Guoco Group	Hong Kong	366	¥-	3,975		286	∢
218		Ulster Bank	¥	551	+ + +		Ç	524 AA			265 CI	Close Brothers Group	¥	363	₹	2,082	17%	318	AA-
219	222	Davivienda	Colombia	543	A+	6,083	9%	421 A		269	≥	Wesbank	South Africa	363	-\	5,583	%2		
220		Colonial First State	Australia	535					T			OLSA	France	363	¥	920	39%		
221		Riyad Bank	Saudi Arabia	529								Komerční banka	Czech	360	+	7,938		387	A +
222		Bankwest	Australia	529					Ť			Bank of Ningbo	China	357	⋖ -	4,882		321	+ +
223		Lazard	Bermuda	519			.0					Banque Saudi Fransi	Saudi Arabia	356	++	7,183		477	-AA-
224		Mediobanca	Italy	515					T			BOK Financial Corporation	Sn	355	₽	3,838		400	AA-
225		Bangkok Bank	Thailand	514		4						Coface	France	355	-\	747		157	∢
226		Bank Danamon		208								IOAP	¥	354	AA-	3,205	vo.	462	A +
227		BCV	zerland	505			9					Haitong Securities	China	352	⋖	15,819		423	⋖
228		Schroders	3	501							284 Ht	Huatai Securities	China	350	∢ .	8,681	4%	279	4
528	235	Bank Zachodni WBK	Poland	501		099'9	en %60	393 A+				Paris Orleans	France	349	+ V	1,596	%22	1	
230		Redecard	Brazil	499					Ť			Carxa Catalunya	Spain	347	∢ :	1	1	217	∢ :
152	877	Chiba Bank	Japan	864	+ 4	667,9	% 6	410 A+	Ť	72 187	270 B8	Bank of New Zealand	Australia	347	¥ «	4,760	%/	308	4
233		Odiletes	.5	483		~						Maddell & Bead	Australia	344	4	3.069	9	202	4
234		Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank		481					Ī			SpareBank 1 SR-Bank	Norway	340	. <	4.116		161	. A
235		Banco di Napoli		477								TOF	, sn	339	AA-	2,073	vo.	333	¥
236	217	CIT	Sn	463	¥ A	7,853 6	6%	441 A+		286 31	312 Oz	Capitec Bank	South Africa	339	AA-	2,484	14%	239	4
237	321	Espirito Santo Financial Group	Luxembourg	459	<	1,423	32% 2	233 A-		287 227		Arab National Bank	Saudi Arabia	339	A +	5,903	%9	411	AA-
238	258	Banca Popolare di Milano		457	A+		,o	332 A+			256 Vc	Vontobel	Switzerland	334	AA-	2,011		335	A +
239		The Carlyle Group	Sn	453								EFL	France	333	AA	1,032	,o		
240		Krung Thai Bank	Thailand	451					i		254 BF	BRE Bank	Poland	331	∢ .	4,328		339	4
241	294	Rosbank	Russia	446	∢ <	5,603	8%	258 A		291	P C	Pohjola Bank	Finland	330	AA	4,886	%/	000	<
247		Notan Mallindia Dalih Bannisul	Brozil	244			3	7 too				Callat a Dalik	Souldi Arabia	300	¥ 4	7 070		320	(<
2 4 5		Dallisu	Diazii	7 7 7					Ì				Saudi Ai abia	020	<u> </u>	7 0,7		90	<u> </u>
244		Virgin Money	UK i	0440								ECHOFACION	France	320	{	1,012	٥	240	- <
245	212	Banesto	Spain	954	¥ <	3,268	13%	410 A+	Ì	296	244 FII	Finansbank	lurkey	325	A+	6,105	%0	372	+ A +
247		Nykredit	Denmark	428					Ť			Di Financial Group Marshall & Ilslev	Adstralia	320	{ 4	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		257	- A
248		Bank of East Asia	900	425	4	7,361	6% 4					Finaref	France	319	. A	992	32%		
249	218	Banco Espírito Santo		419			8%	436 AA-		299 28	290 La	Laurentian Bank	Canada	316	-AA	1,251		260	A+
250	204	Israel Discount Bank	Israel	417	+ +	1,800	23% 4	486 A+		300	Ñ	Suncorp	Australia	316	-\	3,728	%8		

TOP	SOO MOS	TOP 500 MOST VALUABLE BANKNIG BRANDS 301-350	350						TOP	500 MOS	TOP 500 MOST VALUABLE BANKNIG BRANDS 351-400	400						
Rank 2013	Rank 2012	Brand	Domicile	Brand value 2013 (\$m)	Brand rating 2013	Market cap 2013 (\$m)	Brand B value/ v value/ v market 2 Cap (%) (3 2013 (\$m)	Brand Brand value rating 2012 2012 (\$m)	nd Rank 2013 2	k Rank 3 2012	Brand	Domicile	Brand value 2013 (\$m)	Brand rating 2013	Market cap 2013 (\$m)	Brand value/ market Cap (%) 2013 (\$m)	Brand value 2012 (\$m)	Brand rating 2012
301	275	Coutts	¥	316	4	တ		289 AA+		358	Suruga Bank	Japan	251	A+	3,210	%8	201	A+
303	343	Sofinco Och-Ziff Capital Management	France	313	₹ 4	971	32%	215 A	353	246	American Capital China Merchants Securities	Ohina	250	+ A	3,972	%9	362	4
304	333	Banco do Nordeste	Brazil	308			,o		354		Eurobank	Greece	247	+ +	481	51%		
305	282	Sydbank	Denmark	305		1,339	23% 2	280 AA-	355	238	Arab Bank	Jordan	245	-AA	5,417	2%	392	AA-
306	289	BS Financial Group	South Korea	305	<	2,526	12% 2	262 A+	356	385	Hancock Bank	Sn	245	A	2,796	%6	183	A +
307	286	DenizBank	Turkey	301	A+			274 A+	357	271	Eaton Vance	ns	243	A+	3,790	%9	306	A +
308	299	Bank of the Philippine Islands	Philippines	300					358		Nomos-Bank	Russia	243	A	2,493	10%	159	⋖
309	266	First Horizon National Corporation	Sn	295	-AA		12% 3	316 A+	359	330	First Niagara Bank	SN	242	-AA	2,913	%8	221	A+
310	341	Synovus	ns	295	¥			215 AA-	360		Clydesdale Bank	Australia	242	Ą	4,068	%9	197	AA-
311	295	Bank Mizrahi-Tfahot	Israel	292	A+		12% 2	257 A+	361		Gunma Bank	Japan	241	A +	2,377	10%	218	A +
312	355	Mercantil	Venezuela	292					362		Sarasin	Switzerland	240	A+	1,787	13%	303	4
313	315	ВДО	Philippines	289				238 AA	363		Commerce Bank	Sn	238	A +	3,372	%2	227	A +
314	342	Acom	Japan	287					364		Bank of Cyprus	Cyprus	238	*	631	38%	195	AA
315	262	Dubai Islamic Bank	Uae	286			.0		365		BankMuscat	Oman	237	Ą	3,094	%8	252	AA
316	317	Metrobank	Philippines	286		0			366		RAKBANK	Uae	237	A +	1,701	14%	241	+
317	334	BGC Partners	Sn	284					367		Yorkshire Bank	Australia	235	\{	4,006	%9	194	AA-
318	462	FirstMerit Corporation	Sn	281					368		Bank of Nanjing	China	235	∢	4,331	2%	225	A +
319	314	Popular	Puerto Rico	279					369		Banca Carige	Italy	235	A +	1,478	16%	185	∢
320	365	Bendigo Bank	Australia	277	4	2			370		The Bank of Fukuoka	Japan	234	4	2,786	%8	226	∢
321	268	Knight Capital Group	Sn	276					371	409	Orico	Japan	233	∢	3,092	%8	170	-Ł
322	492	Panin Bank	Indonesia	276			٥		372		Banco Macro	Argentina	232	۷ :	1,481	16%	0	
323	285	Provident Financial	O.K	276				278 A+	3/3		Banca Fideuram	Italy	228	-H	1,335	1/%	182	A +
324		Korea Investment Holdings	South Korea	275					374		Oity National Bank	Sn :	228	- -	2,771	%8	203	AA-
325	347	Fannie Mae	Sn	275			٥	211 A-	375		Mashreq	Uae	226	A +			249	A +
326	1	Aberdeen Asset Management	، ڏ	274					376		Banco Galicia	Argentina	226	+ ;	929	24%	155	- AA
325	213	Viotin Bank	Vietnam	271	+ +	7,003	10%	784 AA-	378	20 S	New York Community Bancom	Japan	220	+ X X	T,978	70%	190	+ +
329	301	Cedvna	Japan	271					379		Ocwen	S C	224	{ ∢	4.682	2 %	2	
330	283	Thanachart Capital	Thailand	270		1,602	17% 2		380	320	Ibercaia	Spain	224	: ∢			233	A
331	371	Partners Group	Switzerland	269	4				381		Neue Aargauer Bank	Switzerland	223	AA-	1,001	22%	179	AA-
332	324	Sparkasse KölnBonn	Germany	267	<		CA		382	417	Sinar Mas Multiartha	Indonesia	222	∢	2,912	8%	167	Ą
333	351	Saitama Resona Bank	Japan	267	+ +	2,636	10%	204 A	383	269	Attijariwafa Bank	Morocco	221	+ +	6,905	3%	311	+ +
334	255	Halyk Bank	Kazakhstan	266	4				384		Joyo Bank	Japan	221	A +	3,841	%9	191	∢
335	298	Oredito Emiliano	Italy	266		0			382		Seven Bank	Japan	220	+ +	3,091	2%	168	∢
336	311	Oredito Valtellinese	Italy	266		673	39%	T	386		Janus Capital Group	ns	219	ΑĄ	1,698	13%	197	-\
337	280	GM Financial	Sn	265				282 A	387		IDBI Bank	India	218	+ +	2,701	%8	293	- -
8 6	700	Banque de Gestion Privee Indosuez	France	263	AA +	818	32%	7.70	288	313	Dona Bank	Qatar	218	∢ <	2,907	%/	239	+ 4
340	348	FEG International	Switzerland	263				210 A	390		TEB	Turkev	217	- + V	2,575	2 %	109	< ⊲
341	359	Union Bank	Japan	262					391		Ol Financial	Canada	216	+ Y	7,092	3%		
342	452	First Republio Bank	Sn	262		4,412	6% 1	152 A	392	383	Union Bank of India	India	215	<	2,773	8%	183	<
343	425	Aareal Bank	Germany	262	Ą	1,227	21% 1	162 A+	393	396	St.Galler Kantonalbank	Switzerland	215	Ą	2,111	10%	176	+
344	231	GF Securities	China	261	4		2% 4	403 A	394	337	Taiwan Cooperative Bank	Taiwan	214	A+			218	A +
345	291	Henderson	Ireland	258	-AA	2,450	11% 2	260 A	395	423	Alpha Bank	Greece	214	A	1,064	20%	163	AA-
346	361	Nelnet	ns	255					396		Oppenheimer Holdings	SN	213	A+	237	%06		
347	352	Pravex-Bank	ltaly	254			9		397		BTPN	Indonesia	213	4	3,219	7%	135	⋖
348	332	Bank of Kyoto	Japan	254					398		Webster	Sn	213	-\	1,835	12%	173	A +
349	483	Banco CorpBanca	Ohile	252		0			399		Ecobank	Togo	212	∢ .	945	22%	184	∢ .
350	391	MFP	Sn	252	+	694	36% 1	179 A-	400	297	Commercialbank	Qatar	212	A +	4,681	2%	256	+ V

1	Rank Brand	Rank Brand Domicile			arket Br.					k Brand	Domicile	Brand	Brand	Market		Brand	Brand
No. 10.00 No.				rating ca 2013 (\$	ap 2013 va 3m) m∉ Ca 20 (\$r					N		value 2013 (\$m)	rating 2013	cap 2013 (\$m)	value/ market Cap (%) 2013 (\$m)	value 2012 (\$m)	rating 2012
Non-strottine State 111 A.A. 2.3.11 A.B. 2.3.11 A.B. 2.3.11 A.B. 4.0.11 A.B. 2.3.11 A.B.		Sn	211					45			India	173	∢	1,668	10%	205	⋖
December No. 10. A. A. A. A. A. A. A.		Canada	211					45.			Japan	173	٨	1,189	15%	148	4
barry gate of the control of the con		Russia	211					45			India	173	∢	1,490	12%	136	⋖
Propertion Disorder Disorde		Japan	209					45			Nigeria	172	4+	3,967	4%	147	+ +
15. 15.		Canada	209					45			South Korea	171	4	490	35%	123	∢
Particular Property Particular Parti	SS	Sn .	207					45			Bahrain	169	∢ :	735	23%	153	∢ .
Part State Par		Japan	206					45			Spain	169	∀ .	0	3	188	∢ .
Participant		ltaly	205					45			India	168	∢ :	2,069	%8	184	<
Description Security Securi		Poland	205					45			Germany	168	+ +	17.7	à	20	
Particular Par	ڍ	South Africa	203					0 4			Germany	168	4	444	34%	134	∢
The control of panel 1 2022 A. 1.387 1.58 2.00 Oath Relief (1) 1.58 2.00 Oath Relief (1)	מוסמווצ	UK	203					46			Netherlands	167	{ ∢	774	22%	241	+ 4
Name		Brazil	202					46			SN	166	+	1,819	%6	141	<
Transport Name 201 Ab. 45.93 45.9		Nigeria	201					46			Saudi Arabia	166	4	5,219	3%		
Figure 1 Figure 2 200 Ab. 2 2,200 S. 3.1 A. 4.0		Nigeria	201					46			Qatar	166	+ +	4,933	3%	240	+ +
989 199 A-A 51203 6AA 4687 218 Blashmanh Nonementable 100 A-A 51203 6AA 4698 210 Blashmanh Nonementable A-A 51200 6AA 4698 210 Blashmanh 100 A-A 110 A 460		France	200					46			Japan	166	+ +	3,080	2%	121	<
Helwith Helwith Helwith Helwith Helwith 189 Act Act <td></td> <td>Sn</td> <td>200</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>46</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Netherlands</td> <td>165</td> <td>--</td> <td>386</td> <td>43%</td> <td>285</td> <td>Ą</td>		Sn	200					46			Netherlands	165	- -	386	43%	285	Ą
State S		Bahrain	199					46			India	163	4	1,677	10%	218	∢
Controlled Symptomic Sy		Kuwait	199					46			Australia	161	+ +	1,761	%6	155	∢
Standarden Sta	ond de Rothschild	Switzerland	198					47			Germany	159	-	663	24%	145	-
Sutt Notes 197 AA 1.856 1.44% 1.866 AA 4.72 4.72 4.89 A.00ElS France 1.868 AA 4.81 3.2% A.00ElS AB 4.89 AB 4		Kazakhstan	198					47			Sn	159	A +	2,571	%9	167	AA-
Securities 196 A. 2.405 8% 17% A. 416		Sn	197					47.			France	158	\$	491	32%	0	
Very Inflication Australian 195 AA 2,706 87 11.1 AAA 414 43.1 Eventore Partitions Use 150 AA 1,128 11.2 AA 11.2 AA 414 43.1 Eventore Partition 150 AA 1,129 1,129 1,129 1,279 1,129 1,279 1,129 1,279 1,279 1,120 AA 1,120 1,279 1,120 AA 1,120 1,279 1,120 1,279 1,120 1,279 1,120 1,279 1,120 1,120 1,279 1,120 <th< td=""><td></td><td>South Korea</td><td>196</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Ì</td><td></td><td></td><td>Japan</td><td>15/</td><td>+ A+</td><td>2,580</td><td>%9</td><td>126</td><td>+ A+</td></th<>		South Korea	196					Ì			Japan	15/	+ A+	2,580	%9	126	+ A+
Turbinality	put	Australia		ď				Ť			S) -	156	+ ;	1,289	12%	160	+ +
Ouse 195 AA 2 200 Phys. 120 AA 417 Benk-Aayan Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown 195 AA 2 200 Phys. 120 AA 417 AB Early Apparent Unknown 164 AA 141 145 143 143 143 143 143 143 143 144 Ab 140 480 Helwin Congruent UNKnown 163 AA 143 143 143 Ab 480 Ab 480 Ab 480 Ab 480 Ab 480 Ab 160 AA 160 AA 418 346 Ab 480	-	Kussia						Ì	ي م	Hitachi Capital	Japan	155	+ :	2,622	%9	(
Particular 150 AA 1053 30% 120 AA 120	onalBank	Uae						4 /			lurkey	154	-\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	1,132	14%	113	∢ .
kk AA- ATA AA- ATA AA-		France				.0					S :	154	 .	1,419	11%	142	-AA-
Weight Apparation 151 A+ 2,534 7% 410 A+ A+ 110 A+ 410 A		China						Ť			sn s	153	∢ .	4,338	4%	213	+ +
House Control A		Japan						41			Canada	163	∢ <	2,110	%/	127	∢ -
Including AA- 3.140 6% 179 AA- 482 442 Junded Bank AB 150 A- 1.363 17%		Korea						48			šŠ	152	- \	4.262	4%	132	. <
Inchit 186 A 1493 12% A 483 Wintrust Wintrust US 160 A+ 1,399 11% A nancial Gaermany 186 AA 573 32% 340 A 186 440 Invisited US 160 A+ 1,563 10% 141 A 1,563 10% 141 A 1,660 A+ 1,660				١.						Т	Japan	150	⋖	1,307	12%	155	<
Prance 186 AA 573 22% 340 A 467 Trustmank US 150 A+ 1,563 10% 141 Bankers US 186 AA 703 26% 188 4A0 Futton Financial US 149 AA 1,653 17% 156 Bankers US 183 AA- 1,462 5% 168 AA- 1,49 AA 1,67 18% 160 7 160 160 18 AA- 1,462 AA- 1,49 AA- 1,49 <td></td> <td>Germany</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>SN</td> <td>150</td> <td>+ +</td> <td>1,399</td> <td>11%</td> <td></td> <td></td>		Germany									SN	150	+ +	1,399	11%		
namedial Cameda 185 AA 168 4AO Futton Financial US 149 AA 1.50 Co So 7% 1.66 Co Sankers Barkers US 183 AA- 3.462 5% 168 AA- 486 428 Oriental Bank of Commerce India 149 A 1.572 8% 161 Basel 182 AA- 1.466 18% 10 0 0 489 474 Hokurku Bank of Commerce 149 A+ 1.157 8% 161 Base 181 AA- 1.466 18% 172 A 489 491 Hokurku Bank of Commerce 149 A+ 1.157 18 18 18 A 1.156 18 A 18 A+ 1.167 A+ 1.167 A+ 1.167 A+ 1.169 A+ 1.168 A+ 491 AH Hokurku Bank of Commerce India A+ 1.179 A+ 1.169 A+ 1.169		France						48			Sn	150	+ +	1,553	10%	141	Ą
Bankers US 4A- 3,462 6% 4A- 486 428 Oriental Bank of Commerce India 149 A- 1,872 8% 161 Banh Japan 182 A- 1,466 13% 0 0 487 474 Hokuriku Bank 149 A+ 1,167 13% 136 Banh Japan 182 A- 1,466 13% 172 A- 1,807 A- 1,167 13% 136 sas Bank Jodan 181 A- 1,305 13% 172 A- 189 A- 1,807 A- 1,807 </td <td></td> <td>Canada</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>%</td> <td></td> <td>48</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Sn</td> <td>149</td> <td>AA</td> <td>2,059</td> <td>%2</td> <td>156</td> <td>AA-</td>		Canada				%		48			Sn	149	AA	2,059	%2	156	AA-
Bane 182 A 1,456 13% 0 487 474 Hokuriku Bank Japan 149 A+ 1,157 13% 136 Ban Japan 182 A 1,012 18% A 488 447 ICG M A+ 1,47 A+ 2,144 7% 156 nate Japan 181 A 1,353 13% 172 A 489 491 ICG A+ 147 A+ 2,144 7% 156 nate US 181 A+ 1,367 8% 160 A+ 491 A+ 491 Mintery Bank US 147 A+ 1,762 8% 149 nuk 181 A+ 1,367 8% 168 A+ 492 Mintery Bank US 147 A+ 1,762 8% 149 nuk 180 A+ 1,287 8% 1,48 A+ 491 Mintery Bank <td></td> <td>Sn</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>48</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>India</td> <td>149</td> <td>∢</td> <td>1,872</td> <td>8%</td> <td>161</td> <td>∢</td>		Sn						48			India	149	∢	1,872	8%	161	∢
Banh Japan 182 A 1,012 18% 447 ICG H ICG H ICG H 147 A+ 2,114 7% 155 ass Bank India 181 A 1,053 13% 172 A 489 491 BPI Portugal 147 A+ 2,114 7% 156 nalbank Switzerland 181 AA- 1,050 A 490 480 480 Minteny Bank Bonania 147 A- 1,706 8% 149 nalbank Switzerland 180 A+ 1,865 10% 440 450 Minteny Bank US A- 1,706 8% 149 nk Switzerland 179 A+ 1,267 8% 148 A+ 149 A+ 149 A+ 1,706 8% 149 nk Switzerland 179 A+ 1,49 A- 1,49 A- 1,49		Israel					0	48			Japan	149	+ +	1,157	13%	136	⋖
most bank lodia 181 A 1,363 13% 172 A 489 491 BPI Portugal 147 AA- 1,807 8% 125 ust 181 AA- 2,201 8% 160 A 490 362 BRD Portugal 147 A- 1,762 8% 125 rabbank Switzerland 181 AA- 2,201 8% 160 A 490 362 BRD A- 1,762 8% 169 rank Switzerland 181 AA- 1,865 10% 163 A- 491 461 A- 1,870 A- 1,770 8% 149 rank 180 A+ 1,865 10% 163 A- 491 A- 1,400 A- 1,700 9% 1,400 A-		Japan	182					48			¥	147	A +	2,114	%2	155	A +
ust US 181 AA- 2,201 8% 160 A 490 362 BRD Romania 147 A- 1,762 8% 198 rabbank Switzerland 181 AA- 3,339 6% 247 A+ 490 490 ValleyNational Bank US 147 AA- 1,762 8% 1490 rank lay 180 A+ 1,865 10% 163 A- 490 Whitney Bank US 146 A- 1,706 9% 149 ank 180 A+ 1,865 10% 168 A+ 490 A- 490 A- 1,706 A- 1,706 9% ank Boult Alice 173 A+ 1,628 1,40 A- 400 Villabanka Boult Alice A+ 1,000 A+ 1,400 A+ 1,000 A+ 1,400 A+ 1,400 A+ 1,100 A+ 1,100 A+		India	181					48.			Portugal	147	AA-	1,807	%8	125	A +
And the plant of the		Sn	181					49.			Romania	147	⋖	1,762	%8	198	∢
Indian Italy Italy A+ 1,865 10% 153 A- 492 Whitney Bank US 146 A 1,706 9% ank US 180 A+ 1,865 10% 168 A+ 492 Whitney Bank US 146 A+ 1,706 9% ank US 180 A+ 2,367 8% 168 A+ 494 401 VÜB banka Slovakia 146 A+ 1,047 14% 174 inch US 179 A+ 1,423 13% 168 A+ 496 Mol National Bank Taiwan 144 A+ 1,577 9% inch 179 A+ 1,008 18% 18 A+ 497 A03 Chang Hwa Bank Taiwan 144 A+ 1,577 9% india 175 A+ 1,114 A+ 1,123 16 A+ 499 Aori Hung Kai Aori Hung Kai		Switzerland	181					49			Sn	147	AA-	1,970	%2	149	AA-
ank US 180 A+ 2.367 8% 188 A+ 4993 484 Shriram India 146 A+ 3.085 5% 130 h Switzerland 179 A- 1.423 1.48 A- 494 401 VÜB banka Slovakia 146 A+ 1.047 149 174 149 A+ 1496 A- Old National Bank A+ 1.283 11% 174 149 11 149 A- 1496 A-		Italy	180					49			sn .	146	∢ :	1,706	%6	0	
h Switzerland 179 A 350 51% 148 A- 494 401 VUB banka Slovakia 145 A 1,047 14% 174 h US 179 AA- 1,423 13% 168 A+ 496 A Old National Bank US 146 A+ 1,283 11% 174 <td>ed Bank</td> <td>SO</td> <td>180</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>49</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>India</td> <td>146</td> <td>+ +</td> <td>3,085</td> <td>2%</td> <td>130</td> <td>--</td>	ed Bank	SO	180					49			India	146	+ +	3,085	2%	130	- -
National Laboratorial Laborat		Switzerland	179					49			Slovakia	145	∢ :	1,047	14%	174	∢
South Affrica 179 A+ 950 19% 149 A 496 Kalinama 144 A+ 1,077 9% 173		SD S	179					49	2	Old National Bank	SO F	145	+ ;	1,283	11%		
South Africa 1/9 A+ 1,008 18% 188 A+ 49/ 40.3 Chang Hwa Bank 144 A+ 3,991 4% 1/3	ceptance	US						94 6			laiwan	144	+ + ·	1,577	%6	1	< <
Finds 170 A 1,23 13% 221 AT 490 498 Azozra Bank Japan 143 AT 5,199 3% 121	ank of India	South Arrica						4 4 9 4			Iaiwan	144	4 v	1,484	4%	173	-H
Control 110		Dolond	175					t o			SIDA SIDA	144	ζ 🕇	1,100	% C	101	+
2.72 + T 2.72 Homes 17.5 + T 2.72 Homes	па	700	170			٥		1			Japan	L 1	H.	0,100	0.70	171	¥4



CONTACT DETAILS

Brand Finance is the leading brand valuation and strategy firm, helping companies to measure, manage and maximise the value of their brands for improved business results.

For further enquiries relating to this report, please contact:



David Haigh CEOdavid.haigh@brandfinance.com



Richard Yoxon Managing Director r.yoxon@brandfinance.com



Anthony Kendall
Strategy Director
a.kendall@brandfinance.com

For further information on Brand Finance's services, please contact your local representative:

Country	Contact	Email address
Australia	Xander Bird	x.bird@brandfinance.com
Brazil	Gilson Nunes	g.nunes@brandfinance.com
Canada	Edgar Baum	e.baum@brandfinance.com
Croatia	Borut Zemljic	b.zemljic@brandfinance.com
East Africa	Jawad Jaffer	info@brandfinance.co.ke
France	Richard Yoxon	r.yoxon@brandfinance.com
Holland	Marc Cloosterman	m.cloosterman@brandfinance.com
Hong Kong	Rupert Purser	r.purser@brandfinance.com
India	Unni Krishnan	u.krishnan@brandfinance.com
Korea	Matt Hannagan	m.hannagan@brandfinance.com
Portugal	João Baluarte	j.baluarte@brandfinance.com
Middle East	Hany Mwafy	h.mwafy@brandfinance.com
Russia	Alexander Eremenko	a.eremenko@brandfinance.com
Singapore	Samir Dixit	s.dixit@brandfinance.com
South Africa	Oliver Schmitz	o.schmitz@brandfinance.com
Spain	Pedro Tavares	p.tavares@brandfinance.com
Sri Lanka	Ruchi Gunewardene	r.gunewardene@brandfinance.com
Turkey	Muhterem İlgüner	m.ilguner@brandfinance.com
United Kingdom	Richard Yoxon	r.yoxon@brandfinance.com
USA	Elise Neils	e.neils@brandfinance.com

For all other countries, please contact: E. enquiries@brandfinance.com T. +44 (0)207 389 9400 www.brandfinance.com www.brandfirectory.com www.brandfinanceforums.com



T: +44 (0) 207 389 9400 E: enquiries@brandfinance.com www.brandfinance.com